

# Elvacite® 2043

## **Acrylic Resin**

Elvacite® 2043 is a low molecular weight ethyl methacrylate copolymer. It is a fast-dissolving, low viscosity resin with alcohol solubility for flexographic inks. It provides excellent pigment wetting ability and broad solubility for use in lacquers on solvent – sensitive substrates.

### **Performance Features and Key Benefits**

- Providing alcohol solubiltiy for Flexographic inks
- Coatings for solvent sensitive substrates

| Typical Properties <sup>a</sup>           |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Appearance                                | Solid bead |  |  |  |  |  |
| Specific Gravity, 25° C                   | 1.14       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glass Transition Temp, onset (calculated) | 66°C       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Molecular Weight (Mw)                     | 40,000     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acid Number (mg KOH/g Resin)              | 7.8        |  |  |  |  |  |

a) Typical physical properties listed are approximate values and should not be considered manufacturer's release specifications. Manufacturer's release specifications are subject to change without notice, please contact your Elvacite® representative for the latest product specification details.

### **Preparing Solutions**

Elvacite® resins dissolve at room temperature but require constant agitation to prevent solvent-swollen granules of polymer from forming agglomerates and sticking to the walls of the vessel. Important: The polymer beads should be sifted directly into the vortex of the stirred solvent to speed wetting-out and dispersion. Continuous low-shear agitation for periods of 1-12 hours, depending on the grade and concentration of resin, is recommended.

After the solution appears clear in the tank, a sample should be spread out on a Leneta card or glass. After the solvent evaporates and a film forms on the card or glass, there should not be any resin seeds. If there are any seeds, the tank should be agitated further to fully dissolve the resin. Tank agitation should not be stopped (except for sampling) until the film test indicates there are no resin seeds. Any cloudiness or residue may indicate that some polymer remains undissolved. The presence of water in the system can also cause cloudiness.

Solution time can be reduced by heating; most common solvents can be heated to approximately 49°C (120°F) without the need for reflux equipment. High-shear agitation also cuts dissolving time, but requires care to avoid overheating and excessive solvent loss.

# Solvent Solubility at 20% solids

| Alcohols            |         | Ethyl acetate              | С         | Ketones             |   |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|
| Methyl Alcohol      | 1       | Isopropyl acetate          | С         | Acetone             | С |
| Ethyl Alcohol       | S       | n-butyl acetate            | С         | Methyl Ethyl Ketone | С |
| n-propyl Alcohol    | S       | n-amyl acetate             | С         | Methyl Isobutyl     | С |
|                     |         |                            |           | Ketone              |   |
| Isopropyl Alcohol   | Н       | Butyl lactate              | С         | Diisobutyl Ketone   | С |
| Isoamyl Alcohol     | С       | Propylene glycol           | С         | Cyclohexanone       | С |
|                     |         | monoethyl ether            |           |                     |   |
|                     |         | acetate                    |           |                     |   |
| Cyclohexanol        | 1       | Methyl amyl acetate        | С         | Isophorone          | С |
| Ethylene glycol     | 1       |                            |           | Diacetone Alcohol   | С |
| Glycerol            | 1       | Ethers                     |           | Methyl amyl ketone  | С |
|                     |         | Diethyl Ether              | С         |                     |   |
| Amides              |         | Diisopropyl ether          | I         | Nitrile             |   |
| Formamide           | 1       | Tetrahydrofuran            | С         | Acetonitrile        | С |
|                     |         | (THF)                      |           |                     |   |
| Dimethyl formamide  | С       | "Cellosolve" Solvent       | С         |                     |   |
| (DMF)               |         |                            |           |                     |   |
|                     |         |                            |           | Nitroparaffins      |   |
| Chlorohydrocarbons  |         | Hydrocarbons               |           | Nitromethane        | Н |
| Methylene Chloride  | С       | Toluene                    | С         | Nitroethane         | Н |
| Ethylene dichloride | С       | Xylene                     | С         |                     |   |
| Perchloroethylene   | С       | n-Hexane                   | I         | Vegetable Oils      |   |
| 1, 1, 1-            | Н       | Cyclohexane                | 1         | Castor oils         | 1 |
| Trichloroethane     |         |                            |           |                     |   |
|                     |         | VM & P Naphtha             | I         | Linseed oils        | I |
| Esters              |         | Turpentine                 | I         |                     |   |
| Methyl formate      | С       | Mineral Spirits            | I         |                     |   |
| (C                  | = Clear | r Solution, H = Hazy Solut | tion, l = | Insoluble)          |   |

## **Viscosity**

Elvacite® 2043 is a low molecular weight ethyl methacrylate copolymer. Table II illustrates typical viscosities of Elvacite® 2043 by varying both solvent and resin concentration.

| Table II: Elvacite® 2043 Viscosity (cP) |                          |      |      |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
|   | Concentration (% Solids) |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| Solvent                                 | 20% 30% 40%              |      |      |  |  |  |  |
|   |                          |      |      |  |  |  |  |
| Toluene*                                | 15                       | 50   | 300  |  |  |  |  |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketone                     |                          | 15   | 130  |  |  |  |  |
| Isopropyl Acetate                       | 8                        | 50   | 360  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellosolve Solvent                      | 50                       | 300  | 950  |  |  |  |  |
| Isopropyl Alcohol*                      | 70                       | 2300 | 7000 |  |  |  |  |
| *Cloudy Solutions                       |                          |      |      |  |  |  |  |

# **Typical Formulation**

The following formulation is given as a starting point only. The final formulation will be determined by the properties desired.

#### General Purpose Fluorescent Formulation (#M3-2)

| Ingredients         | % bv Wt. |
|---------------------|----------|
| Fluorescent Piament | 30.0     |
| Elvacite® 2043      | 40.0     |
| Toluene             | 10.0     |
| P.M. Acetate        | 20.0     |
|                     | 100.00   |

# **Resin Compatibility**

Elvacite® 2043 is compatible with the following Elvacite® Resin Grades: 2013, 2014, 2016, 2028 and 2042. It is also compatible with the other types of resins, as illustrated in the following table:

|                      |                   | Form of Blended      |               | Elvacite           | e® / Ble | nding |  |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|-------|--|
| Blending Resin       | Description       | Resin Tested         | Supplier      | Res                |          |       |  |
|                      |                   |                      |               | (by solids weight) |          |       |  |
| Alkyd                |                   |                      |               | 75/25              | 50/50    | 25/75 |  |
| Aroplaz 1271         | Long linseed      | 30% in MEK           | Reichold      | С                  | Н        | Н     |  |
|                      | drying            |                      | Chemicals     |                    |          |       |  |
|                      | oil               |                      | Inc.          |                    |          |       |  |
| Aroplaz 1351         | Long castor       | 30% in MEK           | Reichold      | С                  | С        | С     |  |
|                      | nondrying oil     |                      | Chemicals     |                    |          |       |  |
|                      |                   |                      | Inc.          |                    |          |       |  |
| Chempol 13-1410      | Safflower drying  | 50% in               | Cook          | С                  | С        | С     |  |
|                      | oil,              | Xylene               | Composites    |                    |          |       |  |
|                      | acrylate mod      |                      | & Polymers    |                    |          |       |  |
| Paraplex RGA-2/80    | Nondrying oil,    | 80% in               | C P Hall Co   | С                  | Н        | Н     |  |
|                      | sebacic           | n-Butyl              |               |                    |          |       |  |
|                      |                   | Acetate              |               |                    |          |       |  |
| Cellulosic           |                   |                      |               |                    |          |       |  |
| Cellulose Acetate    |                   | 30% in MEK           | Eastman       | С                  | С        | С     |  |
| Butyrate, ½ - sec.   |                   |                      | Chemical      |                    |          |       |  |
| Ethyl Cellulose N-7  |                   | 30% in MEK           | Hercules Inc. | I                  | I        | I     |  |
| Nitrocellulose "RS", |                   | MEK/alcohol          | Hercules Inc. | С                  | С        | С     |  |
| ½-sec Isopropyl      |                   | soln.                |               |                    |          |       |  |
| Ероху                |                   |                      |               |                    |          |       |  |
| Epon 828             |                   | 100% Resin           | Resolution    |                    | С        | С     |  |
|                      |                   |                      | Performance   |                    |          |       |  |
|                      |                   |                      | Prod.         |                    |          |       |  |
|                      | (C=Clear solution | on, H=Hazy solution, | I=Insoluble)  |                    |          |       |  |

| Elastomers        |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|----------------|---|---|---|
| EMD-504           | Polyisobutylene   | 30% in Toluene      | Exxon          | 1 | I | I |
|                   |                   |                     | Chemical       |   |   |   |
| Hypalon 30        | Clorosulfonated   | 15% in Toluene      | Dupont         | Χ | I |   |
|                   | polyethylene      |                     | Polymers       |   |   |   |
| Neoprene AC-Soft  | Polychloroprene   | 15% in Toluene      | Dupont         | 1 | ı |   |
|                   |                   |                     | Polymers       |   |   |   |
| Rosin Derivatives |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
| Ester Gum 8L      |                   | 30% in MEK          | Hercules Inc.  | С | Н | Н |
| Pentalyn 255      | Pentaerythritol   | 30% in MEK          | Hercules Inc.  | C | С | Н |
|                   | ester             |                     |                |   |   |   |
| Pentalyn 830      | Pentaerythritol   | 30% in MEK          | Hercules Inc.  | Χ | Н | Н |
|                   | ester             |                     |                |   |   |   |
|                   |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
| Vinyl Chloride    |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
| Resins            |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
| UCAR® Solution    | Copolymer         | 30% in MEK          | Union          | C | С | С |
| Vinyl VAGH        |                   |                     | Carbide        |   |   |   |
| UCAR® Solution    | Copolymer         | 30% in MEK          | Union          | C | С | C |
| Vinyl VMCH        |                   |                     | Carbide        |   |   |   |
| UCAR® Solution    | Copolymer         | 30% in MEK          | Union          | C | С | С |
| Vinyl VYHH        |                   |                     | Carbide        |   |   |   |
| UCAR® Solution    | Copolymer         | 15% in MEK          | Union          | C | С |   |
| Vinyl VYNS        |                   |                     | Carbide        |   |   |   |
| Exon 450          | Copolymer         | 15% in MEK          | Freestone      | С | С |   |
|                   |                   |                     | Plastics       |   |   |   |
| Exon 9290         | Homopolymer       | 15% in THF          | Freestone      |   |   |   |
|                   |                   |                     | Plastics       |   |   |   |
| Geon 103 EP       | Homopolymer       | 15% in THF          | B.F. Goodrich  |   |   |   |
| Other Types       |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |
| Arochem 650       | Maleic-modified   | 30% in MEK          | Reichold       | С | С | С |
|                   | (C=Clear solution | on, H=Hazy solution | , l=Insoluble) |   |   |   |
|                   |                   |                     |                |   |   |   |

| Aroset 4110     | Acrylic resin       | 30% in MEK      | Reichold      | С | С | С |
|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|---|---|---|
|                 |                     |                 | Chemical Inc. |   |   |   |
| Dammar          |                     | 30% in Toluene  |               | Н | I | I |
|                 |                     |                 |               |   |   |   |
| DC-840          | Silicone resin      | 60% in Toluene  | Dow Corning   |   | С | С |
|                 |                     |                 | Corp.         |   |   |   |
| Parlon S 10     | Chlorinated rubber  | 30% in MEK      | Hercules Inc. | С | С | С |
| Piccoumaron     | Coumarone-indene    | 30% in MEK      | Hercules Inc. | С | С | С |
|                 | resin               |                 |               |   |   |   |
| Santolite MHP   | Sulfonamide-        | 30% in MEK      | Monsanto      | С | С | С |
|                 | formaldehyde        |                 | Co.           |   |   |   |
| Shellac         |                     | 30% in Methanol |               | I | I | I |
| Super-Bechacite | Permanently fusible | 30% in MEK      | Reichold      | С | С | С |
| 2000            | phenolic            |                 | Chemicals     |   |   |   |
| Uformite MX-61  | Triazine-           | 30% in MEK      | Rohm &        | С | С | С |
|                 | formaldehyde resin  |                 | Haas          |   |   |   |
|                 |                     |                 | Co.           |   |   |   |
|                 | (C-Clear solution   | H-Hazy solution | I-Insoluble)  |   |   |   |

(C=Clear solution, H=Hazy solution, I=Insoluble)

## Pasadena, Texas, USA

Issue date: December 2021

Mitsubishi Chemical America, Inc., Specialty Resins Division hereby certifies that the country chemical inventory status of Elvacite® 2043 is as follows.

| US     | CA  | AU   | CN    | KR   | NZ    | PH    | TW   | JP   | Russian    | TH  | Vietnam |
|--------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------------|-----|---------|
|        |     |      |       |      |       |       |      |      | Federation |     |         |
| TSCA   | DSL | AICS | IECSC | KECI | NZIoC | PICCS | TCSI | ENCS | Unified    | DIW | NCI     |
|        |     |      |       |      |       |       |      |      | list of    |     |         |
|        |     |      |       |      |       |       |      |      | chemicals  |     |         |
| Listed | Υ   | Υ    | Ν     | Υ    | Υ     | Ν     | Υ    | Υ    | Υ          | Υ   | Υ       |
| as     |     |      |       |      |       |       |      |      |            |     |         |
| Active |     |      |       |      |       |       |      |      |            |     |         |

Y: Listed

N: Not Listed

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH FDA REGULATIONS revised April 1, 2019**

Pasadena, Texas, USA Grade: ELVACITE® 2043

Issue date: December 2019

We, MITSUBISHI CHEMICAL AMERICA, INC., Specialty Resins Division, confirm that Elvacite® 2043 complies with the compositional requirements of the following United States of America's Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared for use under the FDA 21 CFR 175.105 for adhesives used as components of articles intended for use in the packaging, transporting, or holding food.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared for use under FDA 21 CFR 175.300 in resinous and polymeric coatings used as the food contact surface of articles intended for use in producing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging, transporting, or holding food. The coating in its finished form in which it is to contact food is subject to a restriction on its chloroform soluble extractives.

Compliance with the limitation on extractives can only be demonstrated by tests carried out in the final article.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared for use under FDA 21 CFR 175.320 in resinous and polymeric coatings for polyolefin films, provided it is intended for repeated food contact use as specified in FDA 21 CFR 175.300(a).

The coating in its finished form in which it is to contact food is subject to a restriction on its chloroform soluble extractives.

Compliance with the limitation on extractives can only be demonstrated by tests carried out in the final article.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared for use under FDA CFR 176.170 as a component of the uncoated or coated food contact surface of paper and paperboard intended for use in producing, manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging, transporting or holding aqueous and fatty foods.

Compliance with the limitation on extractives can only be demonstrated by tests carried out in the final article.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared for use under FDA 21 CFR 176.180 as a component of the uncoated or coated food contact surface of paper and paperboard intended for use in producing, manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating, packaging, transporting, or holding dry food.

Elvacite® 2043 is cleared under FDA 21 CFR 177.1010 as semirigid and rigid acrylic plastics articles intended for use in contact with food. The semirigid and rigid acrylic plastics in the finished form in which they are to contact food are subject to limitation on extractives

Compliance with the limitation on extractives can only be demonstrated by tests carried out on the final article.

This statement of compliance is correct at the date of issue.

As food contact regulations and product formulations are subject to change, it is the user's responsibility to ensure that they are in possession of a current statement of compliance.

For further information or samples, please contact your local distributor, or:

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