

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### **1. IDENTIFICATION**

**Product Name:** 

AEROSOL® C-61 Surfactant

Product Description: Synonyms: Chemical Family: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: Intended/Recommended Use: Ethanolated alkyl guanidineamine complex in isopropanol Ethoxylated Octadecylamine-Octadecylguanidine Complex Quaternary ammonium compound Mixture Mixture Surfactant

CYTEC INDUSTRIES INC., 504 CARNEGIE CENTER, PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540, USA **For Product and all Non-Emergency Information call** 1-800/652-6013. Outside the USA and Canada call 1-973/357-3193.

# EMERGENCY PHONE (24 hours/day) - For emergency only involving spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident call: Asia Pacific:

Australia - +61 2 8014 4558 (Carechem24) China (PRC) - +86 0532 83889090 (NRCC) +86 512 8090 3042 (Carechem24) New Guinea - +61 2 8014 4558 (Carechem24) New Zealand - +64 9 929 1483 (Carechem24) India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Thailand - +65 3158 1074 (Carechem24 Singapore) India (Hindi Speaking Only) - +65 3158 1198 or 000800 100 7479 (Carechem24 Singapore) **Canada:** 800 424 9300 (Within US,Canada) +1 (703) 527-3887 (International) (CHEMTREC) **Europe/Africa/Middle East (Carechem24 UK):** Europe, Middle East, Africa, Israel - +44 1235 239 670 (Arabic speaking countries) - +44 1235 239 671 **Latin America:** Brazil - +55 11 3197 5891 (Carechem24) Chile - +56 2 2582 9336 (Carechem24) All Others - +44 1235 239 670 (Carechem24 UK)

**USA:** 800 424 9300 (Within US,Canada) +1 (703) 527-3887 (International) (CHEMTREC)

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **GHS Classification**

Flammable Liquid Hazard Category 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Hazard Category 2 Skin Corrosion / Irritation Hazard Category 1B Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 1 Aquatic Environment Chronic Hazard Category 1

#### LABEL ELEMENTS



Signal Word Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

Flammable liquid and vapor May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Causes severe skin burns and eye damage Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements**

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Collect spillage. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and national regulations.

#### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC), Other Hazards

Use mechanical exhaust ventilation when heat-curing material.

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance, Mixture or Article? Mixture

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Amines, tallow alkyl, reaction products with	~ 67 - 73	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	-
carbon dioxide and cyanamide, ethoxylated		Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	
1416235-41-0		Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)	
		Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)	

Component / CAS No.	%	GHS Classification	Carcinogen
Ethylene glycol 107-21-1	~ 12 - 15	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) STOT RE 2 (H373)	-
Isopropanol 67-63-0	~ 7 - 13	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) STOT SE 3 (H336) Skin Irrit. 3 (H316) Eye Irrit. 2A (H319)	Not applicable

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition for one or more ingredients has been withheld as a trade secret.

Additional GHS classification or other information may be included in this section but has not been adopted by OSHA. See Section 16 for full text of H phrases.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

#### Eye Contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes without delay. Wash immediately with plenty of water. Do not reuse contaminated clothing without laundering. Get medical attention if pain or irritation persists after washing or if signs and symptoms of overexposure appear.

#### Ingestion:

If swallowed, call a physician immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical advice if there are persistent symptoms.

#### MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

None known

#### INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDS

Not applicable

### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Use water spray, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical to extinguish fires. Water stream may be ineffective.

#### **Extinguishing Media to Avoid:**

full water jet

#### **Protective Equipment:**

Firefighters, and others exposed, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full firefighting protective clothing. See MSDS Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

#### **Special Hazards:**

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Personal precautions:**

Where exposure level is not known, wear approved, positive pressure, self-contained respirator. Where exposure level is known, wear approved respirator suitable for level of exposure. In addition to the protective clothing/equipment in Section 8, wear a two piece PVC suit with hood or PVC overalls with hood.

#### Methods For Cleaning Up:

Remove sources of ignition. Cover spills with some inert absorbent. Sweep up into containers for disposal. Flush spill area with water.

#### **References to other sections:**

See Sections 8 and 13 for additional information.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### HANDLING

**Precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and other equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

**Special Handling Statements:** Containers must be bonded and grounded when pouring or transferring material. Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

#### STORAGE

Areas containing this material should have fire safe practices and electrical equipment in accordance with applicable regulations and/or guidelines. Standards are primarily based on the material's flashpoint, but may also take into account properties such as miscibility with water or toxicity. All local and national regulations should be followed. In the Americas, National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, is a widely used standard. NFPA 30 establishes storage conditions for the following classes of materials: Class I Flammable Liquids, Flashpoint <37.8 °C. Class II Combustible Liquids, 37.8 °C < Flashpoint <60 °C. Class IIIa Combustible Liquids, 60 °C < Flashpoint < 93 °C. Class IIIb Combustible Liquids, Flashpoint > 93 °C. Containers filled with this product should be kept closed when not in use, as evaporation of water and solvent may cause gelation.

**Storage Temperature:** Room temperature **Reason:** Quality.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Engineering Measures:**

Utilize a closed system process where feasible. Where this material is not used in a closed system, good enclosure and local exhaust ventilation should be provided to control exposure.

#### **Respiratory Protection:**

Where exposures are below the established exposure limit, no respiratory protection is required. Where exposures exceed the established exposure limit, use respiratory protection recommended for the material and level of exposure.

#### **Eye Protection:**

Prevent eye and skin contact. Wear eye/face protection such as chemical splash proof goggles or face shield. Eyewash equipment and safety shower should be provided in areas of potential exposure.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Prevent contamination of skin or clothing when removing protective equipment. Wear impermeable gloves and suitable protective clothing.

#### Hand Protection:

Wear impermeable gloves. Replace gloves immediately when torn or any change in appearance (dimension, colour, flexibility etc) is noticed. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has occurred.

#### **Additional Advice:**

Food, beverages, and tobacco products should not be carried, stored, or consumed where this material is in use. Before eating, drinking, or smoking, wash face and hands thoroughly with soap and water. It is recommended that a shower be taken after completion of workshift especially if significant contact has occurred. Work clothing should then be laundered prior to reuse. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing and protective equipment. Work clothing and shoes should not be taken home.

#### Exposure Limit(s)

The below constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	
OSHA (	PEL):	Not established
ACGIH	(TLV):	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> aerosol only (Ceiling)
Other V	alue:	Not established
67-63-0	Isopropanol	
OSHA (	PEL):	400 ppm (TWA)
		980 mg/m³ (TWA)
ACGIH	(TLV):	400 ppm (STEL)
		200 ppm (TWA)
Other V	alue:	Not established

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Color:	Tan
Appearance:	liquid
Odor:	ammonia-like
Boiling Point:	80 °C 176 °F (value for isopropanol/water)
Melting Point:	Loses fluidity below 16 C
Vapor Pressure:	Not available
Specific Gravity/Density:	1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapor Density:	Not available
Percent Volatile (% by wt.):	27 - 33
pH:	9.5 - 11.5 (10% aqueous solution)
Saturation In Air (% By Vol.):	Not available
Evaporation Rate:	Not available
Solubility In Water:	Slight
Volatile Organic Content:	Not available
Flash Point:	29.4 °C 85 °F Pensky-Martens Closed Cup
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Flammable Limits (% By Vol):	Lower: 2.5 Upper: 12.0(values for isopropanol)
Autoignition (Self) Temperature:	360 °C 680 °F
Decomposition Temperature:	Not available
Partition coefficient (n-	Not available
octanol/water):	
Odor Threshold:	Not available
Viscosity (Kinematic):	Not available

#### **DUST HAZARD INFORMATION**

Particle Size (microns):

Kst (bar-m/sec):
Maximum Explosion Pressure (Pmax):
Dust Class:
Minimum Ignition Energy (MIE) (mJ):
Minimum Ignition Temperature (MIT) (°C):
Minimum Explosive Concentration (MEC) (g/m <sup>3</sup> ):
Limiting Oxygen Concentration (LOC) (%):

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity:	No information available
Stability:	Stable
Conditions To Avoid:	None known
Polymerization:	Will not occur
Conditions To Avoid:	None known
Materials To Avoid:	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Ammonia (NH3) Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide (CO) hydrogen cyanide (HCN) Oxides of nitrogen

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **PRODUCT TOXICITY INFORMATION**

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin, Eyes, Oral.

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA oral (gavage) dermal inhalation	rat rabbit rat	Acute LD50 Acute LD50 Acute LC50 4 hr	2850 mg/kg 5950 mg/kg No data
LOCAL EFFECTS ON SKIN AND EYE Acute Irritation Acute Irritation	dermal eye	rabbit rabbit	Severe Severe
ALLERGIC SENSITIZATION Sensitization Sensitization	skin respiratory	Not sensitizing No data	
GENOTOXICITY			
Accove for Cone Mutations			

#### Assays for Gene Mutations Ames Salmonella Assay

No data

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The toxicity data above are the results from Solvay sponsored studies or from the available public literature.

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Amines, tallow alkyl, reaction products with carbon dioxide and cyanamide, ethoxylated may cause moderate eye and skin irritation.

Ethylene glycol has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) values of >2000 mg/kg and >10000 mg/kg, respectively. This substance is mildly irritating to the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Repeated skin contact may cause an eczema-like skin disorder but sensitization is not expected to occur. Ethylene glycol is not mutagenic, carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin based on available data. Repeated exposures may cause adverse kidney and liver effects/damage.

Isopropanol has acute oral (rat) and dermal (rabbit) LD50 values of 5.0 g/kg and 12.8 g/kg, respectively. The 4-hour inhalation LC50 (rat) for isopropanol is >16,000 ppm (40.86 mg/L). Acute overexposure to isopropanol vapor may cause mild irritation of the eyes and respiratory tract. Chronic overexposure to isopropanol vapors may cause central nervous system depression, headaches, dizziness, nausea, and staggered gait. Liquid isopropanol may cause moderate to severe eye irritation. In laboratory animals studies, isopropanol has produced fetotoxic effects at levels that were maternally toxic and developmental effects at levels that were maternally non-toxic, and inhalation exposures that produced fetal weight at non-maternally toxic levels. Literature reports chronic exposure has caused kidney problems and testicular effects in laboratory animals.

California Proposition 65 Warning (applicable in California only) - This product contains (a) chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# TOXICITY, PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY, BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL, MOBILITY IN SOIL, OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

This material is not readily biodegradable.

#### ALGAE TEST RESULTS

Test: Growth Inhibition (OECD 201)Duration: 72 hrSpecies: Green Algae (Selenastrum capricornutum)0.016 mg/lEbC50

#### FISH TEST RESULTS

Test: Acute toxicity, freshwater (OECD 203)Duration: 96 hr.Procedure: Static.Species: Rainbow Trout (Oncorhyncus mykiss)1.2 mg/lLC50

#### **INVERTEBRATE TEST RESULTS**

Test: Acute Immobilization (OECD 202)Duration: 48 hrProcedure: StaticSpecies: Water Flea (Daphnia magna)0.46 mg/lEC50

#### DEGRADATION

Test: Closed Bottle (OECD 301D) Duration: 28 day Procedure: Ready biodegradability 0 % Test: Chemical Oxygen Demand Procedure: Other 2.045 mg O2/mg product

### RESULTS OF PBT AND vPvB ASSESSMENT

Not determined

#### HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT TOXICITY DATA

Component / CAS No.	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Water Flea
Amines, tallow alkyl, reaction products with carbon dioxide and cyanamide, ethoxylated 1416235-41-0	Not available	Not available	Not available
Ethylene glycol 107-21-1	EC50 6500 - 13000 mg/L - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (96h)	LC50 14 - 18 mL/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h) static LC50 40000 - 60000 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h) static LC50 = 16000 mg/L - Poecilia reticulata (96h) static LC50 = 27540 mg/L - Lepomis macrochirus (96h) static LC50 = 40761 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h) static LC50 = 41000 mg/L - Oncorhynchus mykiss (96h)	EC50 = 46300 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h)
Isopropanol 67-63-0	EC50 > 1000 mg/L - Desmodesmus subspicatus (72h) EC50 > 1000 mg/L - Desmodesmus subspicatus (96h)	LC50 = 11130 mg/L - Pimephales promelas (96h) static LC50 = 9640 mg/L - Pimephales	EC50 = 13299 mg/L - Daphnia magna (48h)

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The information on RCRA waste classification and disposal methodology provided below applies only to the product, as supplied. If the material has been altered or contaminated, or it has exceeded its recommended shelf life, the guidance may be inapplicable. Hazardous waste classification under federal regulations (40 CFR Part 261 et seq) is dependent upon whether a material is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste" or has any of the four RCRA "hazardous waste characteristics." Refer to 40 CFR Part 261.33 to determine if a given material to be disposed of is a RCRA "listed hazardous waste"; information contained in Section 15 of this MSDS is not intended to indicate if the product is a "listed hazardous waste." RCRA Hazardous Waste Characteristics: There are four characteristics defined in 40 CFR Section 261.21-61.24: Ignitability, Corrosivity, Reactivity, and Toxicity. To determine Ignitability, see Section 9 of this MSDS (flash point). For Corrosivity, see Sections 9 and 14 (pH and DOT corrosivity). For Reactivity, see Section 10 (incompatible materials). For Toxicity, see Section 3 (composition). Federal regulations are subject to change. State and local requirements, which may differ from or be more stringent than the federal regulations, may also apply to the classification of the material if it is to be disposed. The Company encourages the recycle, recovery and reuse of materials, where permitted, as an alternate to disposal as a waste. The Company recommends that organic materials classified as RCRA hazardous wastes be disposed of by thermal treatment or incineration at EPA approved facilities. The Company has provided the foregoing for information only; the person generating the waste is responsible for determining the waste classification and disposal method.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

This section provides basic shipping classification information. Refer to appropriate transportation regulations for specific requirements.

#### **US DOT**

Dangerous Goods? X Proper Shipping Name: Cor Hazard Class: 8 Subsidiary Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN/ID Number: UN2920	rrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.
Transport Label Required:	Corrosive Flammable Liquid Marine Pollutant
Marine Pollutant	
Technical Name (N.O.S.):	Isopropanol, Ethanolated alkyl guanidineamine complex
	zardous Substances / Reportable Quantity of Product (lbs) 333.33
Comments:	Marine Pollutants - DOT requirements specific to Marine Pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicles, rail cars or aircraft. Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities - DOT requirements specific to Hazardous Substances only apply if the quantity in one package equals or exceeds the product reportable quantity.

#### **TRANSPORT CANADA**

Dangerous Goods? X Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, flammable, n.o.s. Hazard Class: 8 Subsidiary Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN Number: UN2920

Transport Label Required:	Corrosive Flammable Liquid Marine Pollutant
Marine Pollutant Technical Name (N.O.S.):	Isopropanol, Ethanolated alkyl guanidineamine complex

#### ICAO / IATA

Dangerous Goods? X Proper Shipping Name: Corr Hazard Class: 8 Subsidiary Class: 3 Packing Group: II UN Number: UN2920	osive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.
Transport Label Required:	Corrosive Flammable Liquid Marine Pollutant
Technical Name (N.O.S.):	Isopropanol, Ethanolated alkyl guanidineamine complex
Comments:	Marine Pollutants-IATA Special Provision A197 when transported in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or 5 kg for solids, are not subject to any provisions of these regulations. Note if the material also meets the criteria under additional hazard classes then all requirements continue to apply for those hazards.

#### IMO

Dangerous Goods? X Proper Shipping Name: Corr Hazard Class: 8 Subsidiary Class: 3 UN Number: UN2920 Packing Group: II	osive liquid, flammable, n.o.s.
Transport Label Required:	Corrosive
	Flammable Liquid Marine Pollutant
Marine Pollutant	
Technical Name (N.O.S.):	Isopropanol, Ethanolated alkyl guanidineamine complex
Comments:	Marine Pollutants -IMDG 2.10.2.7 when packaged in single or combination packagings, containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5L or less for liquids or 5 kg for solids are not subject to any other provisions of this code. Note if the material also meets the criteria under additional hazard classes then all requirements continue to apply for those hazards.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Inventory Information**

**United States (USA):** All components of this product are included on the TSCA Chemical Inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

**Canada:** All components of this product are included on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed on the DSL.

**European Economic Area (including EU):** When purchased from a Cytec legal entity based in the EU, this product is compliant with the registration of the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as all its components are either excluded, exempt, pre-registered and/or registered.

**Australia:** One or more components of this product have NOT yet been included in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) or assessed by NICNAS.

**China:** One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Chinese (IECSC) inventory. Cytec has obtained the required notification approvals from the Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP) as per the "Environmental Administrative Measures for New Chemical Substance" for the component(s) not listed in the Chinese Inventory (IECSC). The product can be imported/manufactured in China ONLY under specific conditions.

Japan: One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Japanese (ENCS) inventory.

Korea: One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Korean (ECL) inventory.

Philippines: One or more components of this product are NOT included on the Philippine (PICCS) inventory.

**Switzerland:** All components of this product are exempt from the new substance notification requirements for Switzerland (SR 813.11 art. 16-17).

**Taiwan:** All components of this product are included on the Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) or are not required to be listed on the Taiwan inventory.

#### OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

The following components of this product may be subject to reporting requirements pursuant to Section 313 of CERCLA (40 CFR 372), Section 12(b) of TSCA, or may be subject to release reporting requirements (40 CFR 307, 40 CFR 311, etc.) See Section 13 for information on waste classification and waste disposal of this product.

<b>Component / CAS No.</b> Ethylene glycol 107-21-1	<b>%</b> ∼12 - 15	<b>TPQ (Ibs)</b> None	<b>RQ(lbs)</b> 5000	<b>S313</b> Yes	TSCA 12B No
Isopropanol 67-63-0	~7 - 13	None		Yes	No

#### **PRODUCT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 311 OF SARA**

- Fire
- Acute
- Chronic

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### NFPA Hazard Rating (National Fire Protection Association)

Health: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

Fire: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

Instability: 0 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions.

Reasons For Issue:	Revised Section 1

Date Prepared:	02/05/2017
Date of last significant revision:	02/01/2017

#### **Component Hazard Phrases**

Amines, tallow alkyl, reaction products with carbon dioxide and cyanamide, ethoxylated

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ethylene glycol

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Isopropanol

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H316 - Causes mild skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Prepared By: Legal & Compliance Services; E-mail: custinfo@solvay.com

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