

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

Catalyst H-5300

Section 1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier : Catalyst H-5300
MSDS Number : 000000102020
Product type : Catalyst

Material uses : Wood Adhesives, Composites, Laminates or Related Board Products

Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor : Hexion Inc.

er 180 East Broad Street

Columbus, Ohio 43215 USA

Contact person : 4information@hexion.com

Telephone : For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call

1 888 443 9466.

Emergency telephone number : For Emergency Medical Assistance

Call Health & Safety Information Services

1-866-303-6949

For Emergency Transportation Information CHEMTREC US Domestic (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887 CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or

mixture

: SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

[nervous system] - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) [lungs] - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Dange

Hazard statements : H371 May cause damage to organs: (nervous system)

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure: (lungs)

Precautionary statements

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General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Do not breathe vapor.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result

in classification

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS
		number
Kaolin	15 - 20	1332-58-7
Ammonium Chloride	3 - 5	12125-02-9
Citric Acid	1 - 2	77-92-9

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If necessary, call a poison

center or physician.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of

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decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

Protection of first aid personnel

: No specific treatment.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See

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also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Kaolin		ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 15 mg/m3 Form: total dust Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Total Time Weighted Average (TWA) 5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction
Ammonium Chloride		NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Fume Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a) irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to get to safety by their own means. 20 mg/m3 Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) Time Weighted Average (TWA) 10 mg/m3 Form: Fume Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 20 mg/m3 Form: Fume
Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary

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to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical

products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used

when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with

an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Dark brown

Odor : Little or none Odor threshold : Not available

pH : 2.6 - 3.2

Melting point/ Freezing point : $-10 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (14.00 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Boiling point : $102 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (215.60 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$

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Flash point : Not determined

Burning time : Not available **Burning rate** : Not available

Evaporation rate : 0.3 ((n-Butyl acetate=1))

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not applicable. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : 17.5 mm Hg @ 25 °C (77.00 °F)

Vapor density : Not available

Relative density : 1.176 - 1.236

Solubility : Not available Solubility in water : Dispersible

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : Not available **SADT** : Not available

Viscosity : Dynamic: 5,000 - 8,500 cPs (Brookfield)

Kinematic: Not available

Other information

The SDS is not to be used as a specification sheet. For Specific technical information on the product listed above, a sales specification sheet should be obtained from your Hexion representative.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

alkalis, acids

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ammonium Chloride				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,650 mg/kg	-
Citric Acid				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableeyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Kaolin	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
Ammonium Chloride	Category 3 Category 2		Respiratory tract irritation nervous system
Citric Acid	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Category Route of exposure Target organs	Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
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Kaolin	Category 1	lungs
Ammonium Chloride	Category 1	systemic toxicity
Citric Acid	Category 2	blood system teeth

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Not available

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available **Potential delayed effects** : Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure:

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Not available

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Citric Acid	-1.64	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

International transport regulations

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Regulatory UN/NA Proper shipping name Classes/*PG Reportable information number Quantity (RQ)

CFR Non-regulated

TDG Non-regulated

IMO/IMDG Non-regulated

IATA (Cargo) Non-regulated

*PG: Packing group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed

containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons

transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident

or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification : Irritating material

Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

required.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Listed 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl- 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 2-methyl-United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed

SARA 313

		Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting	:	Ammonium chloride	12125-02-9
requirements		((NH4)Cl)	
Supplier notification	:	Ammonium chloride	12125-02-9
		((NH4)Cl)	

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

<u>California Prop. 65:</u>

: WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the

State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk	Maximum
			level	acceptable dosage
				level
Methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

United States inventory (TSCA: All components are listed or exempted.

8b)

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Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Ammonium chloride ((NH4)Cl)

CEPA Toxic substances : None required.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.):

Health	*	2
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Full text of abbreviated H : Not applicable.

statements

History

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Version : 6.0

Prepared by

Key to abbreviations

Product Safety Stewardship

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

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Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN = United Nations

References : Not available

Notice to reader

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