



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

FSE7520 0LB-Box (50.0LBS-22.7KG)

## Section 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : FSE7520 0LB-Box (50.0LBS-22.7KG)

Chemical name : FLUOROSILICONE RUBBER COMPOUND

Manufacturer/Importer/ : Momentive Performance Materials LLC

**Distributor Information** 260 Hudson River Road

Waterford NY 12188

Contact person : 4information@momentive.com

**Telephone** : General information

+1-800-295-2392

**Emergency telephone number** 

**Supplier** : CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or

mixture

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Warning

Signal word

**Hazard statements** : H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements** 

**General** : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned:

Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

**Disposal** : P501Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

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regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Chemical name : Not available

Hazardous ingredients	% by weight	CAS number
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	1 - 5	556-67-2
Fluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane	0.1 - 1	2374-14-3

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if

irritation occurs.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least  $10\,$  minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove

victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first aid personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

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suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

water jet

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Measurements at temperatures above  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$  in presence of air (oxygen) have shown that small amounts of formaldehyde are

formed due to oxidative degradation.

Special protective actions for firefighters

fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Firefighters must wear NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus with full face mask and full protective clothing.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and

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place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	0
	Recommended exposure limit (REL): 5 ppm
Appropriate engineering controls :	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls :	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

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Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. This product contains less than 1% of fluoropropylmethylcyclo-trisiloxane (TFPMCT). Momentive has set a recommended occupational exposure limit (OEL) of 5 ppb for this material based on the results of animal feeding studies in which adverse liver, heart, skeletal muscle, and reproductive effects were seen. The significance of these effects to humans is unclear at this time. Information regarding these previously unknown potential adverse effects has been reported to the U.S. EPA under the provisions of TSCA Section 8(e). A MSDS for TFPMCT is available from Momentive.

If exposure limits are exceeded or respiratory irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Supplied air respirators may be required for non-routine or emergency situations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with OSHA regulations (see 29CFR 1910.134). Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. This product contains less than 1% of fluoropropylmethylcyclo-trisiloxane (TFPMCT). Momentive has set a recommended occupational exposure limit (OEL) of 5 ppb for this material based on the results of animal feeding studies in which adverse liver, heart, skeletal muscle, and reproductive effects were seen. The significance of these effects to humans is unclear at this time. Information regarding these previously unknown potential adverse effects has been reported to the U.S. EPA under the

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provisions of TSCA Section 8(e). A MSDS for TFPMCT is available from Momentive.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Paste Color : White

Odor : Faint odor.
Odor threshold : Not available
pH : Not applicable.

Melting point: Not availableBoiling point: Not availableFlash point: Not applicable.

Burning time : Not available
Burning rate : Not available

**Evaporation rate** : 1

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not applicable. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : Negligible

Vapor density : Not applicable.

**Relative density** : 1.36

**Density** : 1.36 g/cm3

**Solubility** : Not available **Solubility in water** : Insoluble

**Partition coefficient: n-** : Not available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not availableDecomposition temperature: Not availableSADT: Not available

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available

**Kinematic:** Not applicable.

#### Other information

No additional information.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : Stable under normal conditions.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

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Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## **Information on toxicological effects**

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxar	ne			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,800 mg/kg OECD-Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	> 12.1 mg/l	4 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	36 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403	4 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	> 2,400 mg/kg OECD Test Guideline 402	-
Fluoropropylmethylcyclotris	siloxane			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	180 mg/kg	-
~	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	25,400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Skin	Rat			-	
	OECD-					
	Guideline					
	404 (Acute					
	Dermal					
	Irritation/C					
	orrosion)					
Remarks:	Non-irritating	Non-irritating to the skin.				
	eyes	Rabbit			-	
	OECD-					
	Guideline					
	405 (Acute					
	Eye					
	Irritation/C					
	orrosion)					
Remarks:	Non-irritating	g to the eyes.				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not determinedeyes:Not determinedRespiratory:Not determined

## **Sensitization**

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Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	-	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing OECD- Guideline 406 (Skin
			Sensitisation)

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not determinedRespiratory: Not determined

## Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	OECD-Guideline 471 (Genetic	In vitro	Negative
	Toxicology: Salmonella		
	typhimurium, Reverse		
	Mutation Assay)		
	Mouse Lymphoma Assay	In vitro	Negative
	(OECD Guidline 476)		
	OECD-Guideline 474 (Genetic	In vivo	Negative
	Toxicology: Micronucleus		
	Test)		

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined

## Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Inhalation -	Rat - Female	150 mg/kg	24 months
	OECD 453			
Remarks:	NOAEC			
	Inhalation -	Rat - Male	> 700 mg/kg	24 months
	OECD 453			
Remarks:	NOAEC			

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octamethylcyclotetrasi loxane	-	-	-	Rat	Inhalation: 300 mg/kg OECD 416	-
Remarks:	NOAEL parent	ts				
	-	-	-	Rat	Inhalation: 300 mg/kg OECD 416	-
Remarks:	NOAEL F1					

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined

## **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	- Inhalation	Rabbit	500 mg/kg	18 days
	OECD Test			
	Guideline 414			
Remarks:	NOAEL			
	- Inhalation	Rabbit	300 mg/kg	18 days
	OECD Test			
	Guideline 414			
Remarks:	NOAEL matern	ity	•	

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined

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#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxa	Category 2	DermalOralOral	liver
ne	Category 1		heart
			muscle tissue

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available

Information on the likely routes of :

exposure

Not available

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available **Potential delayed effects** : Not available

### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxa	NOAEC	Rat	150 mg/kg	24 months
ne	Inhalation		OECD 453	
Remarks:	NOAEC			
	NOAEL	Rabbit	> 1 mg/kg	3 weeks

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	Dermal	OECD 410	
Remarks:	NOAEL		

**Conclusion/Summary** Not determined

General No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity **Teratogenicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Suspected of damaging fertility. **Fertility effects** 

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	174,703.9 mg/kg

#### Other information

Trifluoropropionaldehyde (TFPA) vapors may evolve from product used in open systems at temperatures above 300°F/149°C. Use in a well ventilated area. No exposure limit has been established; consult an industrial hygienist or your supervisor. Comments: Animal oral feeding studies have shown TFPA is highly toxic. Acute LD50 for rats is approximately 25 mg/kg body weight. Animal inhalation studies have shown TFPA is highly toxic. Acute LC50 for rats is 23 ppm. The relationship of this information to vapor exposure has not been determined.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) Ingestion: Rodents given large doses via oral gavage of Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (1600mg/kg/day,14 days), developed increased liver weights relative to unexposed control animals due to hepatocellular hyperplasia (increased number of liver cells which appear normal) as well as hypertrophy (increased cell size). Inhalation: In inhalation studies, laboratory rodents exposed to Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (300 ppm five days/week, 90 days) developed increased liver weights in female animals relative to unexposed control animals. When the exposure was stopped, liver weights returned to normal. Microscopic examination of the liver cells did not show any evidence of pathology. This response in rats, which does not affect the animal's health, is well-documented and widely recognized. It is related to an increase of liver enzymes that metabolize and eliminate a material from the body. The increased liver weight reverses even while the D4 exposure continues. The finding is not adverse, but is considered a natural adaptive change in rats, and does not represent a hazard to humans. Inhalation studies utilizing laboratory rabbits and guinea pigs showed no effects on liver weights. Inhalation exposures typical of industrial usage (5-10 ppm) showed no toxic effects in rodents. Range finding reproductive studies were conducted (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation), with D4. Rats were exposed to 70 and 700 ppm. In the 700 ppm group, there was a statistically significant reduction in mean litter size and in implantation sites. No D4 related clinical signs were observed in the pups and no exposure related pathological findings were found. A two-year, combined chronic/carcinogenicity study, during which rats were exposed to D4 by inhalation, data showed a statistically significant increase in a benign uterine tumor in female rats exposed at the highest level--a level much higher than the low levels that consumers or workers may encounter. An expert panel of independent scientists who have reviewed the results of this research concur that the finding seen in the two-year study occurred through a biological pathway that is specific to the rat and is not relevant to humans. Therefore, this observed effect does not indicate a potential health hazard to humans. In developmental toxicity studies, rats and rabbits were exposed to D4 at concentrations up to 700 ppm and 500 ppm, respectively. No teratogenic effects (birth defects) were observed in either study.

# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Ecotoxicity**

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#### Conclusion/Summary : Not available

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
octamethylcyclotetrasil oxane	310 Ready Biodegradability - CO <sub>2</sub> in Sealed Vessels (Headspace Test)	3.7 % - 29 d		Activated sludge
Remarks:	Not readily biodegradable.			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	Species	Exposure	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Fathead	28 d		12.40	low
	minnow				

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects

Not available

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Other information**

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4) meets the current REACh Annex XIII criteria for PBT and vPvB. However, D4 does not behave similarly to known PBT/vPvB substances. The silicones industries interpretation of the available data is that the weight of scientific evidence from field studies shows that D4 is not biomagnifying in aquatic and terrestrial food webs. D4 in air will degrade by reaction with naturally occurring hydroxyl radicals in the atmosphere. Any D4 in air that does not degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals is not expected to deposit from the air to water, to land, or to living organisms.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user

: This product is not regarded as dangerous goods according to the national and international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods.

## 15.Regulatory information

#### **United States**

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

required.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed

SARA 311/312

Classification : Delayed (chronic) health hazard

California Prop. 65: None required.

**Canada** 

**WHMIS** (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**International regulations** 

International lists : Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC):** All components are listed or exempted.

**Korea inventory:** At least one component is not listed. **Canada inventory:** At least one component is not listed.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS):** All components are listed or exempted. **United States inventory (TSCA 8b):** All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.):

Health	<u> </u>	0
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Full text of abbreviated H

statements

Not applicable.

#### **History**

06/16/2015 **Date of printing** 04/16/2015 Date of issue/Date of revision 00/00/0000 Date of previous issue

Version

Prepared by Product Safety Stewardship ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

References

Not available

### Notice to reader

Unless otherwise specified in section 1, Momentive Products are intended for industrial application only. They arenot intended for specific medical applications, neither for long-lasting (> 30 days) implantation into the human body, injected or directly ingested, nor for the manufacture of multiple usable contraceptives Keep out of the reach of children.

## **Further Information**

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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