

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

DESCRIPTION: Casco-Resin CR-591

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

DESCRIPTION: Casco-Resin CR-591

PRODUCT CODE: 12-C591.-.
PRODUCT TYPE: Liquid UF Resin

APPLICATION: Gluing High Pressure Laminates To Wood

CASCO-RESIN® is a trademark of Borden Chemical Investments, Inc., registered in the USA.

Manufacturer/Supplier Information

MSDS prepared by: Hexion Specialty Chemicals, Inc. 155 West A Street, Bldg. A-1 Springfield, OR 97477

For Emergency Medical Assistance Call Health & Safety Information Services 1-866-303-6949

For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call (541)744-3256.

2. Composition, Information on Ingredients

The ingredients listed below have been associated with one or more immediate and/or delayed(*) health hazards. Risk of damage and effects depends upon duration and level of exposure. BEFORE USING, HANDLING, OR EXPOSURE TO THESE INGREDIENTS, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MSDS.

% by weight

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5.0 - 10.0 0.1 - 1.0

Any applicable Canadian trade secret numbers will be listed in Section 15.2.

3. Hazards Identification

3.1 Emergency Overview

Appearance Cloudy yellow liquid

Odor Sweetish

CAUTION!

Will polymerize at high temperatures with some evolution of heat.

Hazardous polymerization may occur.

98-00-0 *Furfurvl Alcohol

50-00-0 *Formaldehyde

Overexposure may cause central nervous system depression. May cause irritation of nose, throat and lungs if allowed to become airborne.

May cause eye irritation.

May be harmful if swallowed.

HMIS Rating

HEALTH = 2 (moderate)
FLAMMABILITY = 0 (minimal)
REACTIVITY = 1 (slight)
CHRONIC = *

3.2 Potential Health Effects

Immediate Hazards

INGESTION: May be harmful if swallowed.

INHALATION: Not expected to be harmful under normal conditions of use. However,

overexposure may cause central nervous system depression. Also, if allowed to become airborne, may cause irritation of nose, throat and

lungs.

SKIN: May cause irritation on prolonged or repeated contact. EYES: May cause irritation on prolonged or repeated contact.

98-00-0 Furfuryl Alcohol

Can cause central nervous system depression. Signs and symptoms may include headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting and drowsiness.

Delayed Hazards

50-00-0 Formaldehyde

May cause cancer. OSHA regulates formaldehyde as a potential human carcinogen. See the OSHA Formaldehyde Workplace Standard at 29CFR 1910.1048. Rats chronically exposed to 14 ppm formaldehyde contracted nasal cancer. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has listed formaldehyde as a probable human carcinogen. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded formaldehyde is carcinogenic to humans.

Safe handling and use instructions are provided in this MSDS and in the OSHA Formaldehyde Workplace Standard at 29CFR1910.1048. OSHA has identified 0.5 ppm as the "Action Level". Please review and understand the guidance contained in this MSDS and refer to the OSHA Formaldehyde Standard for regulatory requirements that may be applicable to your operation and use.

For further information and a review of various studies, go to www.osha.gov/SLTC/formaldehyde, www.iarc.fr and other authoritative websites.

May cause allergic skin reaction. Some reports suggest that formaldehyde may cause respiratory sensitization, such as asthma, and that preexisting respiratory and skin disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

98-00-0 Furfuryl Alcohol

POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD. May cause cancer based on animal data. This material has not been listed by NTP, classified by IARC nor regulated by OSHA as a carcinogen. May cause allergic skin reaction.

4. First Aid Measures

INGESTION: If accidentally swallowed, dilute by drinking large quantities of water. If

the individual is drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth. Immediately contact poison control center or hospital emergency room for advice on whether to induce vomiting or for any other additional

treatment directions.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air.

SKIN: In case of irritation, flush with water.

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation

persists.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash point Not applicable
Lower explosion limit Not applicable
Upper explosion limit Not applicable
Autoignition temperature Not applicable

Will not burn unless water has evaporated. Dried material may burn. In case of fire, water should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in a suitable container. For large spills, use water spray to disperse vapors and flush spill area. Prevent runoff from entering waterways or sewers. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of the material from eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Always use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

INHALATION: Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapor.

SKIN: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin and clothing.

EYES: Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with eyes.

7.2 Storage

Keep container closed.

Not harmed by freezing, but thaw frozen resin slowly and stir before using.

Store in a cool place. High temperatures shorten storage life. Urea formaldehyde resin thickens with age. Rotate stock in storage to use oldest first.

Limited storage life - Refer to product specifications.

Solubility in water of urea resins can vary from infinite to insoluble depending on manufacturing procedure and age. Warm water helps in washing up resins with limited solubility.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Exposure Controls

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: The following exposure control techniques may be used to effectively minimize employee exposure: local exhaust ventilation, enclosed system design, process isolation and remote control in combination with appropriate use of personal protective equipment and prudent work practices. These techniques may not necessarily address all issues pertaining to your operations. We, therefore, recommend that you consult with experts of your choice to determine whether or not your programs are adequate.

If airborne contaminants are generated when the material is heated or handled, sufficient ventilation in volume and air flow patterns should be provided to keep air contaminant concentration levels below acceptable criteria.

8.2 Personal Protection

Where air contaminants can exceed acceptable criteria, use NIOSH (42 CFR Part 84) approved respiratory protection equipment. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air in accordance with OSHA laws and regulations or other applicable standards or guidelines, including ANSI standards regarding respiratory protection. Use goggles if contact is likely. Wear impervious gloves as required to prevent skin contact.

8.3 Exposure Guidelines

98-00-0	Furfuryl Alcohol			
ACGIH TLV	8-hr TWA	10 ppm	40 mg/m3	Skin
	STEL (15 min)	15 ppm	60 mg/m3	
OSHA PEL	8-hr TWA	50 ppm	200 mg/m3	Skin
	Remanded TWA	10 ppm	40 mg/m3	Skin; 1989 PEL remanded,
				but in effect in some states
	Remanded	15 ppm	60 mg/m3	
	STEL			
50-00-0	Formaldehyde			
ACGIH TLV	Ceiling	0.3 ppm	0.37 mg/m3	A2 - Suspected Human
				Carcinogen; SEN
OSHA PEL	8-hr TWA	0.75 ppm	0.9 mg/m3	
	STEL (15 min)	2 ppm	2.5 mg/m3	

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Cloudy yellow liquid

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Odor Sweetish
Odor threshold Not available
Specific gravity 1.272 - 1.280

pH 7.5 - 8.0 @25 °C (77 °F)

Viscosity 400 - 1,200 cPs @25 °C (77 °F) Brookfield

Solubility in water See storage section

Octanol/water partition coefficient Not available

Vapor pressure Approx. 22 mm Hg @25 °C (77 °F)

Vapor density Not available

Evaporation rate

Approx. 0.3 (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Boiling point, 760 mm Hg

Approx. 102 °C (216 °F)

Typical % solids

Approx. 63.00 % (m)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Normally stable, but will polymerize at high temperatures with some evolution of heat.

Decomposition products may include:

CO, CO2, aldehydes (including formaldehyde), hydrogen cyanide, particulate matter and other organic compounds by thermal decomposition in air.

Hazardous polymerization:

May occur.

11. Toxicological Information

INGESTION: A similar product was found to be a toxic substance when tested as

described in 16 CFR Part 1500.3 (c)(1) and (2); LD50=50-500mg/kg.

INHALATION: A similar product was found to be non-toxic by inhalation when tested

as described in 16 CFR Part 1500.3 (c)(1) and (2).

SKIN A similar product was found to be non-toxic dermally when tested as

ABSORPTION: described in 16 CFR Part 1500.3 (c)(1) and (2).

SKIN: A similar product was not a primary irritant (primary skin irritation index

less than 5.0/8.0) when tested as described in 16 CFR Part 1500.41.

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EYES: A similar product was slightly irritating when tested as described in 16

CFR Part 1500.42.

98-00-0 Furfuryl Alcohol

LC50: Not available

LD50: Oral-rat= 177 mg/kg (Sax); Skin-rabbit= 400 mg/kg (RTECS)

50-00-0 Formaldehyde LC50: rat=0.59 mg/l (Sax)

LD50: Oral-rat= 800 mg/kg (Merck); Skin-rabbit= 270 mg/kg (Sax)

12. Ecological Information

No data for ecotoxicity has been found. Effects are expected to be minimal. The material is a soil mobile liquid initially which will solidify on aging. Biodegradation is expected to be very slow; bioaccumulation negligible.

13. Disposal Considerations

Recover free liquid. Absorb residue and dispose of according to local, state/provincial, and federal requirements.

14. Transport Information

14.1 U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S. (Formaldehyde)

UN/NA number 3082
Class 9
Packing group III
Label 9

RQ Ingredients Formaldehyde

14.2 Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Regulation: Non regulated

15. Regulatory Information (Selected Regulations)

15.1 U.S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazards Communication Standard 29CFR1910.1200

This material is a "health hazard" and/or a "physical hazard" as determined when reviewed according to the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration 29 CFR Part 1910.1200 "Hazard Communication" Standard.

SARA Title III: Section 311/312

Immediate health hazard Delayed health hazard Reactivity hazard

SARA Title III: Section 313 and 40 CFR Part 372

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, and Subpart C-Supplier Notification Requirement of 40 CFR Part 372.

Formaldehyde 50-00-0 0.90%

TSCA Section 8(b) Inventory

All reportable chemical substances are listed on the TSCA Inventory. We rely on certifications of compliance from our suppliers for chemical substances not manufactured by us.

15.2 Canadian Regulations

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Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS)

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Class D1B

Class D2A

Class D2B

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA)

All reportable chemical substances are listed on the Domestic Substances List (DSL) or otherwise comply with CEPA new substance notification requirements.

National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)

This product contains the following chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) subsection 16(1), National Pollutant Release Inventory.

None required.

16. Other Information

User's Responsibility

The OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200 and the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) require that the information contained on these sheets be made available to your workers. Educate and train your workers regarding OSHA and WHMIS precautions. Instruct your workers to handle this product properly. Consult with appropriate experts to guard against hazards associated with use of this product and its ingredients.

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