

Material Safety Data Sheet

TYZOR® GBO

1. Product and company identification

Product name : TYZOR® GBO

Material uses : Catalysts / Cross-linking agent. / Adhesion promoters

Supplier/Manufacturer : Dorf Ketal Specialty Catalysts LLC 11200 Westheimer Road, Suite 400

Houston,TX 77042 U.S.A. Tel: 713-343-2377 Fax: 832-649-7615 ehss@dorfketalusa.com

Validation date : 25/08/2011.

Prepared by : Atrion Regulatory Services, Inc.

In case of emergency : For Chemical Emergency ONLY (in the case of fire, leak, spill, exposure or accident) call

CHEMTREC at +1 (703) 527-3887

For ALL other emergencies call the Dorf Ketal office or +91 983 353 5744

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]
Color : Amber./Red.
Odor : Alcohol-like.

Emergency overview

Signal word : WARNING!

Hazard statements : FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED

THROUGH SKIN. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL

DATA.

Precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions

before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.

Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container

tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Toxic by inhalation. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to

respiratory system.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Skin : Toxic in contact with skin. Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

TYZOR® GBO

2. Hazards identification

Chronic effects : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: Contains material which may cause birth defects, based on animal data.

Developmental effects: Contains material which may cause developmental abnormalities, based on animal data.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: mucous

membranes, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system

(CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting respiratory tract irritation

coughing headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Medical conditions aggravated by over-

exposure

: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Methanol	67-63-0 67-56-1	10-30 10-30
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	10-30

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

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: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: In case of fire, use alcohol-resistant foam. Use dry chemical or CO₂.

Not suitable

Do not use water.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

25/08/2011. United States 3/12

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Freezing will affect physical condition but will not damage. Thaw and mix before using.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Propan-2-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Notes: Refers to Appendix A Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption STEL: 400 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). TWA: 980 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 500 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 325 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). STEL: 325 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hour(s).
butan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m³ NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Physical and chemical properties 9.

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Flash point Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Color : Amber./Red. Odor : Alcohol-like. **Boiling/condensation point** : 70°C (158°F)

Relative density : 0.9 to 1 [25°C [77°F]]

: 40% (w/w) Volatility : Not available. **Viscosity**

Solubility : Soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

Conditions to avoid

: The product is stable.

Keep away from heat. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of

ignition.

Incompatible materials

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and metals. Hydrolyzes in water to form 2-propanol and titanium dioxide.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Propan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39.3 mg/l	4 hours
·	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m3	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
TYZOR® GBO	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	-	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	-	-
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	_	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	-	_
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 2	_
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	0.005 Mililiters	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
				milligrams	

Sensitizer

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Propan-2-ol	A4	3	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propan-2-ol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1400000 ug/L	Fish - Gambusia affinis - 20 to 30 mm	96 hours
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 0.2 to 0.5 g	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - 6 to 24 hours	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - 0.1 g	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

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14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1993	Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (Propan-2-ol, Methanol)	3	II	RAMMARE COND.	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Propan-2-ol, Methanol)	3	II	(b)	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, _S-E_
IATA-DGR Class	UN1993	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Propan-2-ol, Methanol)	3	II		Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: Y341

PG* : Packing group

Regulatory information 15.

HCS Classification

: Flammable liquid Toxic material Irritating material Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) IUR: Partial exemption

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Methanol; Propan-2-ol; butan-1-ol SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Methanol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; Propan-2-ol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; butan-1-ol: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

: Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

TYZOR® GBO

Regulatory information 15.

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	Concentration
Form R - Reporting requirements	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	10-30
	Methanol	67-56-1	10-30
	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	10-30
Supplier notification	Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	10-30
	Methanol	67-56-1	10-30
	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	10-30

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; METHANOL; N-BUTYL **Massachusetts**

ALCOHOL

: Not determined.

New York : The following components are listed: Methanol; 1-Butanol

: The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL; METHYL **New Jersey**

ALCOHOL; METHANOL; n-BUTYL ALCOHOL; 1-BUTANOL

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: 2-PROPANOL; METHANOL; 1-BUTANOL

California Prop. 65

Not available.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined. Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

Chemicals

Convention List Schedule I

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Not listed

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

16. Other information

Label requirements

: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS AND NAUSEA AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE BIRTH DEFECT HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. POSSIBLE DEVELOPMENTAL HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH MAY CAUSE ADVERSE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue : 25/08/2011.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

TYZOR® GBO

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.