

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

Cascomel(TM) MF-2L

### Section 1. Product and company identification

**GHS** product identifier

MSDS Number

Product type

Material uses

Cascomel(TM) MF-2L 300000005815

: Methylated Melamine Resin Systems

: Wood Adhesives, Composites, Laminates or Related Board Products

Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor

ter

Hexion Inc.

180 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio

43215 USA

Contact person : 4information@hexion.com

**Telephone** : For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call

1 888 443 9466.

**Emergency telephone number** : For Emergency Medical Assistance

Call Health & Safety Information Services

1-866-303-6949

For Emergency Transportation Information CHEMTREC US Domestic (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887 CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666

Part of the CASCO® Brand of Adhesives and Resins from Hexion Inc.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or

mixture

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Dange

**Hazard statements** : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties

if inhaled

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 May cause cancer.

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H360F May damage fertility. H360 May damage the unborn child.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**General** : Not applicable.

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Wear protective gloves.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Avoid breathing vapor.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

**Response** : IF exposed or concerned:

Get medical attention.

IF INHALED:

If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or physician.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If skin irritation or rash occurs:

Get medical attention.

**Storage** : Store locked up.

**Disposal**: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result

in classification

None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS
		number
Methanol	0.2 - 1	67-56-1
Formaldehyde	0.2 - 1	50-00-0

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfort

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Protection of first aid personnel

### **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

### Extinguishing media

Skin contact

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Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

- : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

For non-emergency personnel

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

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### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Methanol	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 262 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL) 328 mg/m3 250 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 260 mg/m3 200 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 260 mg/m3 200 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 325 mg/m3 250 ppm

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Formaldahrida	ACCHI TI V (2000 02 01)
Formaldehyde	ACGIH TLV (2000-03-01)
	Ceiling 0.37 mg/m3 0.3 ppm
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.75 ppm
	Pollutant concentration that should not be exceeded during
	working hours and which workers are believed to be exposed
	during a period of 15 minutes maximum, without experiencing: a)
	irritation. b) chronic or irreversible tissue damage. c) dependent
	toxic effects of exposure rate. d) Narcosis of sufficient magnitude
	to increase susceptibility to accidents. e) The reduction of ability to
	get to safety by their own means. 2 ppm
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	Time Weighted Average (TWA) 0.016 ppm
	Ceiling 0.1 ppm

# Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be

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different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

**Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with

an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the

selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Clear, colorless/colourless

Odor : Pungent Odor threshold : Not available

**pH** : 8.5 - 9.5 @ 25 °C (77.00 °F)

**Melting point/ Freezing point** :  $0 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (32.00 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

**Boiling point** :  $100 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (212.00 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

**Flash point** : 93.4 °C (200.12 °F)

Burning time: Not availableBurning rate: Not availableEvaporation rate: Negligible

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available

Vapor pressure : Not available

Vapor density : Not available

**Relative density** : 1.24

Solubility : Not available Solubility in water : Complete

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available

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Not available

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**Decomposition temperature** : Not available **SADT** : Not available

**Viscosity** : **Dynamic:** 300 - 1,000 cPs @ 25 °C (77.00 °F) (Brookfield)

**Kinematic:** Not available

#### Other information

The SDS is not to be used as a specification sheet. For Specific technical information on the product listed above, a sales specification sheet should be obtained from your Hexion representative.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** : Stable under normal conditions.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Decomposition products may include the following materials:, carbon

oxides, oxides of nitrogen

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methanol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,628 mg/kg	-
Formaldehyde				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	800 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	0.578 mg/l	2 h
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	270 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Formaldehyde	Skin -	Rabbit	2.5	20 hrs	-
	Erythema/E				
	schar				
	Skin -	Rabbit	3	20 hrs	-
	Edema				
	eyes -	Mouse	> 3		-

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Cornea		
opacity		

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableeyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

**Mutagenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

### Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
Formaldehyde		=				
Remarks:	The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies formaldehyde as "known					
	to be a human ca	arcinogen" with re	spect to nasophary	ngeal cancer, sinonasal		
	cancer and myel	oid leukemia. The	International Age	ency for Research on		
				genic to humans". U.S.		
				carcinogen. See the		
				R 1920.1048 (the "OSHA		
				rovided in this SDS and		
				m, calculated as an eight-		
				, as the "Action Level".		
		•		d in this MSDS, and refer		
				nat might be applicable to		
	your operation and use. Many studies and other evaluations have been					
				ause cancer. To review		
		udies and for furth	_			
				phs.iarc.fr; http://ntp-		
	server.niehs.nih.gov; http://epa.gov/iris/subst/0419.htm;					
	http://www.nap.edu/catalog.php?record_id=13142 and other authoritative					
	websites.					

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 1		central nervous system

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	Category 2	(CNS) optic nerve
Formaldehyde	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methanol	Category 2		kidneys liver gastrointestinal tract skin respiratory tract
Formaldehyde	Category 2		respiratory tract skin

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available

Information on the likely routes of

exposure

Not available

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

### **Short term exposure**

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Potential immediate effects: Not availablePotential delayed effects: Not available

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available **Potential delayed effects** : Not available

**Potential chronic health effects** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : May damage fertility.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	213,971.5 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methanol			
	Acute EC50 13,000 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow	4 d
		trout,donaldson trout	
formaldehyde			
	Acute LC50 6.7 mg/l -	Fish - Striped bass	96 h
	Acute LC50 6.9 mg/l -	Fish - Zebra danio	6 d
	Acute NOEC $> 47.9 \text{ mg/l}$ -	Fish - Medaka, high-	28 d
		eyes	
	Acute EC50 5.8 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic invertebrates.	2 d
		Water flea	
	Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
	Acute EC50 4.3 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Algae	48 h
	Acute EC50 19 mg/l -	Micro-organism - Soil	3 h
	_	organisms	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

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### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Methanol	-0.77	-	low
Formaldehyde	0.35	< 1	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

: Not available

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

### **International transport regulations**

**TDG** 

Regulatory	UN/NA	Proper shipping name	Classes/*PG	Reportable
information	number			Quantity (RQ)
CFR	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY	Class 9 III	Formaldehyde
		HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,		
		LIQUID, N.O.S.		
		(Formaldehyde)		

Non-regulated

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IMO/IMDG 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY Class 9 III

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

IATA (Cargo) Non-regulated

\*PG: Packing group

Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.'

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **United States**

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

required.

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed

### **SARA 313**

		Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting	:	Formaldehyde	50-00-0
requirements			
Supplier notification	:	Formaldehyde	50-00-0

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

California Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer., WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Methanol	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Formaldehyde	Yes.	No.	40 μg/day	No.

United States inventory (TSCA : All components are listed or exempted.
8b)

Canada

**WHMIS** (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

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### **Canadian lists**

Canadian NPRI : None required.

**CEPA Toxic substances** : The following components are listed: Formaldehyde

### **International regulations**

**International lists** : Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.):

Health	*	1
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Full text of abbreviated H : Not applicable.

statements

#### **History**

Date of printing: 07/28/2015Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/04/2015Date of previous issue: 11/20/2010

Version : 4.0

Prepared by

Key to abbreviations

: Product Safety Stewardship

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

 $IBC = Intermediate \ Bulk \ Container$ 

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail

 $UN = United\ Nations$ 

**References** : Not available

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### Notice to reader

The information provided herein was believed by Hexion Inc. ("Hexion") to be accurate at the time of preparation or prepared from sources believed to be reliable, but it is the responsibility of the user to investigate and understand other pertinent sources of information, to comply with all laws and procedures applicable to the safe handling and use of the product and to determine the suitability of the product for its intended use. All products supplied by Hexion are subject to Hexion's terms and conditions of sale. HEXION MAKES NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, CONCERNING THE PRODUCT OR THE MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS THEREOF FOR ANY PURPOSE OR CONCERNING THE ACCURACY OF ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED BY HEXION, except that the product shall conform to Hexion's specifications. Nothing contained herein constitutes an offer for the sale of any product.

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