

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED

Safety Data Sheet according to Reg. (EU) 2020/878

Product name: PARALOID™ EXL-3361 Engineering Resin

Revision Date: 01.03.2021 Version: 3.0

Date of last issue: 23.05.2017

Print Date: 18.05.2021

DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: PARALOID™ EXL-3361 Engineering Resin

UFI: 6SFE-F026-X00U-G5NH

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Plastics Additive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED STATION ROAD, BIRCH VALE, HIGH PEAK DERBYSHIRE England SK22 1BR UNITED KINGDOM

Customer Information Number: +44 (0) 1663 746518 SDSQuestion@dow.com

Fax: +44 (0) 1663 746605

1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: 0031 115 694 982 **Local Emergency Contact:** 00 31 115 69 4982

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Skin sensitisation - Category 1 - H317 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard - Category 2 - H411 For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

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2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazard pictograms





Signal word: WARNING

Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours and/or spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

Contains

2.3 Other hazards

This product contains no substances assessed to be PBT or vPvB at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Environment: Nonylphenol - The substance is considered to have endocrine disrupting

properties according to REACH Article 57(f) for the environment.

Human Health: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Acrylic copolymer

3.2 Mixtures

This product is a mixture.

CASRN/	REACH			Classification:
EC-No./	Registration	Concentration	Component	REGULATION (EC) No
Index-No.	Number		-	1272/2008

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	CASRN 26523-78-4 EC-No. 247-759-6 Index-No. 015-202-00-4	-	>= 0.0001 - < 2.0 %	tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite	Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 10,000 mg/kg Acute dermal toxicity: > 2,000 mg/kg
	CASRN 84852-15-3 EC-No. 284-325-5 Index-No. 601-053-00-8	-	>= 0.0001 - < 0.055 %	Nonylphenol	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 2; H361fd Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10 Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 1,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity: > 3.636 mg/l, vapour Acute dermal toxicity: 2,031 - 2,831 mg/kg
ı	Substances with	n a workplace exposu			
	CASRN Confidential EC-No. Confidential Index-No.	-	>= 0.0001 - < 2.0 %	Alkylated phenol	Not classified Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: > 5,000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity: > 1.8 mg/l, 4 Hour, dust/mist

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures General advice:

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing; consult a physician.

Acute dermal toxicity: > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician: May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Repeated excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting lung disease.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray. Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known...

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides. Phosphorus oxides...

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.. DO NOT use a solid stream of water. A solid stream of water directed at this material may create a potentially explosive airborne dust mixture.. Material as sold is combustible; burns vigorously with intense heat..

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.. Evacuate area.. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage..

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.. Use personal protective equipment..

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Use personal protective equipment. Spilled material may cause a slipping hazard. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Do not release the product to the aquatic environment above defined regulatory levels. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not swallow. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. CONTAINERS MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTY. Since emptied containers retain product residue follow all (M)SDS and label warnings even after container is emptied.

Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents. Unsuitable materials for containers: None known.

7.3 Specific end use(s): See the technical data sheet on this product for further information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Alkylated phenol	Dow IHG	TWA Total dust	10 mg/m3

Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with the Occupational Exposure Limits and the adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

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Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples should be analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy); European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents); European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres -General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents). Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods. Health and Safety Executive (HSE), United Kingdom: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances.

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany. L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France.

Derived No Effect Level

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	16.7 mg/kg bw/day	23.6 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.

Consumers

Acute systemic effects		Acute lo	cal effects	Long-te	rm systemi	c effects	_	rm local ects	
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8.35	11.8	1.67	n.a.	n.a.
					mg/kg	mg/m3	mg/kg		
					bw/day		bw/day		

Nonylphenol

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute loc	cal effects	Long-term effe	n systemic ects	Long-term	local effects
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
15 mg/kg	1.0 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.	7.5 mg/kg	0.500	n.a.	n.a.
bw/day				bw/day	mg/m3		

Consumers

Acute	Acute systemic effects		Acute local effects		Long-term systemic effects			_	rm local ects
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
7.6	0.800	0.400	n.a.	n.a.	3.8	0.400	0.080	n.a.	n.a.
	mg/m3				mg/kg bw/day	mg/m3	mg/kg bw/day		

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Alkylated phenol

Workers

Acute systemic effects		Acute lo	cal effects	_	n systemic ects	Long-term	local effects
Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1.28	3.6 mg/m3	n.a.	n.a.
				mg/kg			
				bw/day			

Consumers

Acute systemic effects		Acute lo	cal effects	Long-term systemic effects		Long-term local effects			
Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation	Dermal	Inhalation	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.64	0.65	0.64	n.a.	n.a.
					mg/kg bw/day	mg/m3	mg/kg bw/day		

Predicted No Effect Concentration

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0.05 mg/l
Marine water	0.05 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	0.05 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	1.8 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	0.15 mg/kg
Marine sediment	0.15 mg/kg
Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	37 mg/kg food

Nonylphenol

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0.644 μg/l
Intermittent use/release	0.170 μg/l
Marine water	0.548 μg/l
Sewage treatment plant	9.50 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	4.62 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Marine sediment	1.23 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Soil	2.3 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Oral	2.36 mg/kg food

Alkylated phenol

Compartment	PNEC
Fresh water	0.04 mg/l
Intermittent use/release	0.3 mg/l
Marine water	0.004 mg/l
Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	149000 mg/kg dry weight
	(d.w.)

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Marine sediment	14900 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)
Soil	29700 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields). Use safety glasses with side shields (EN166 or approved equivalent).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Other protection: No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. In dusty or misty atmospheres, use an approved particulate respirator. Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Particulate filter, type P2 (meeting standard EN 143).

Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state pellets
Color white

Odor Pungent, sweet odor PH Not applicable

Melting point/freezing point

Melting point/range 132.00 - 149.00 °C
Freezing point not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
Boiling point (760 mmHg) Not applicable
Flash point Not applicable, solid
Flammability (solid, gas) not determined
Flammability (liquids) Not applicable, solid
Lower explosion limit Not applicable

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Upper explosion limit Not applicable **Vapor Pressure** Not applicable Relative Vapor Density (air = 1) Not applicable

Relative Density (water = 1)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: nnot determined

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable **Decomposition temperature** not determined **Kinematic Viscosity** Not applicable, solid

Particle characteristics

Particle size not determined

9.2 Other information

Molecular weight not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** Not applicable **Explosive properties** not determined **Oxidizing properties** not determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate** Not applicable

= 1)

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1 Reactivity: Excessive aging, heat, contamination with polymerization catalysts, oxygen-free atmosphere, inhibitor depletion or ultraviolet light (sunlight) may cause polymerization.
- **10.2 Chemical stability:** Unstable at elevated temperatures.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: An uncontrolled polymerization may produce a rapid release of energy with the potential for an explosion of unvented closed containers. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose. Do not blanket or purge with an inert gas to avoid depleting the oxygen concentration.
- **10.5 Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Acrylic monomers.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact, Skin contact, Ingestion.

Acute toxicity (represents short term exposures with immediate effects - no chronic/delayed effects known unless otherwise noted)

Acute oral toxicity

Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 10,000 mg/kg

Nonylphenol

LD50, Rat, >1,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Alkylated phenol

LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

For similar material(s):

LD50, Rabbit, > 5,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

LD50, Rabbit, male and female, > 2,000 mg/kg OECD 402 or equivalent No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Nonylphenol

LD50, Rabbit, 2,031 - 2,831 mg/kg

Alkylated phenol

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Acute inhalation toxicity

No adverse effects are anticipated from single exposure to dust. Dust may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs.

For similar material(s):

LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 3.36 mg/l No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

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The LC50 has not been determined.

Nonylphenol

LC50, Mouse, female, vapour, > 3.636 mg/l

Alkylated phenol

LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 1.8 mg/l OECD Test Guideline 403 No deaths occurred at this concentration.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials:

Essentially nonirritating to skin.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Brief contact may cause slight skin irritation with local redness.

Nonylphenol

Brief contact may cause severe skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Alkylated phenol

Brief contact is essentially nonirritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on testing for product(s) in this family of materials:

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Nonylphenol

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Alkylated phenol

May cause slight temporary eye irritation.

Corneal injury is unlikely.

Sensitization

For skin sensitization:

No relevant data found.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Information for components:

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tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

For skin sensitization:

Did not demonstrate the potential for contact allergy in mice.

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Nonylphenol

For skin sensitization:

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Alkylated phenol

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Available data are inadequate to determine single exposure specific target organ toxicity.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Nonylphenol

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Alkylated phenol

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Nonylphenol

Aspiration into the respiratory system may occur during ingestion or vomiting. Due to corrosivity, tissue damage or lung injury may occur.

Alkylated phenol

Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Chronic toxicity (represents longer term exposures with repeated dose resulting in chronic/delayed effects - no immediate effects known unless otherwise noted)

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Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

A 13-week inhalation study in rats of a compositionally similar acrylic powder showed inflammatory effects in the lung at concentrations of 6 mg/m3 for 6 hours per day, 5 days per week. These findings were consistent with high concentration exposure effects reported for other non-soluble dusts. Maintaining airborne dust concentrations within the recommended exposure limit is not expected to produce adverse effects within the lung.

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Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs: Kidney.

Nonylphenol

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Liver.

Kidney effects and/or tumors have been observed in male rats. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur in humans.

Alkylated phenol

Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects.

Carcinogenicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Nonylphenol

No relevant data found.

Alkylated phenol

Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Teratogenicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Nonylphenol

Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Alkylated phenol

For similar material(s): Did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Reproductive toxicity

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No relevant data found.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

In laboratory animal studies, effects on reproduction have been seen only at doses that produced significant toxicity to the parent animals.

Nonylphenol

In a three-generation reproduction study in rats, nonylphenol did not interfere with standard reproductive parameters. However, some additional endpoints which are considered markers of potential reproductive toxicity were affected at higher doses that produced systemic toxicity to the parent animals.

Alkylated phenol

For similar material(s): In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity

No relevant data found.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative.

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Alkylated phenol

In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Information for components:

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

Nonylphenol

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

Alkylated phenol

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The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

12.1 Toxicity

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is not classified as dangerous to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50/LL50/EL50 greater than 100 mg/L in most sensitive species).

LC50, Rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss), static test, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, > 0.3 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, alga Scenedesmus sp., Static, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, > 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

NOEC, alga Scenedesmus sp., Static, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 100 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 21 d, number of offspring, > 0.1 mg/l

Nonylphenol

Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Fish, static test, 96 Hour, 0.05 mg/l, EPA-660-75-009

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 48 Hour, 0.0844 mg/l, Other guidelines

Acute toxicity to algae/aguatic plants

ErC50, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate, 0.33 mg/l, Other guidelines

Chronic toxicity to fish

NOEC, Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow), flow-through test, 33 d, survival, 0.0074 mg/l

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 0.024 mg/l

Alkylated phenol

Acute toxicity to fish

Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 100 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

No toxicity at the limit of solubility

EC50, alga Scenedesmus sp., 72 Hour, Biomass, > 11.3 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, 3 Hour, > 100 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 21 d, 2 mg/l, Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

12.2 Persistence and degradability

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails

to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail **Biodegradation:** < 4 % **Exposure time:** 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

Nonylphenol

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Fail

Biodegradation: 48.2 % Exposure time: 35 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

Alkylated phenol

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions. Material has inherent, primary biodegradability according to OECD test (s) guidelines (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s).

10-day Window: Fail Biodegradation: 32 % Exposure time: 29 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 47 % **Exposure time:** 35 d

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Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent

Stability in Water (1/2-life)

Hydrolysis, half-life, 7.2 year, pH 7, Half-life Temperature 25 °C, Estimated.

Photodegradation

Atmospheric half-life: 3 Hour

Method: Estimated.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 14 OECD Test Guideline 117 or Equivalent

Nonylphenol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 5.4 at 23 °C OECD Guideline 117 (Partition

Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC Method)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 271 Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) 20 d Measured

Alkylated phenol

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 13.41 Estimated. Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 210 Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

12.4 Mobility in soil

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

Nonylphenol

Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

Alkylated phenol

Partition coefficient (Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Nonylphenol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Alkylated phenol

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This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This substance/mixture contains components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties for environment, according to REACHArticle 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

Nonylphenol

The substance is considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) for the environment.

Alkylated phenol

The substance is not considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f), Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 or Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100.

12.7 Other adverse effects

tris(nonylphenyl) phosphite

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Nonylphenol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Alkylated phenol

This substance is not on the Montreal Protocol list of substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. FOR UNUSED AND UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, always send to a licensed disposer per applicable regulations. Consult the local waste disposal expert for the appropriate waste disposal method. Recover or recycle, if possible. Otherwise, send it to a licensed disposer.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):

14.1 UN number or ID number Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable14.4 Packing group Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards Not considered environmentally hazardous based on

available data.

14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

Classification for INLAND waterways (ADNR/ADN):

Consult your Dow contact before transporting by inland waterway

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

14.1 UN number or ID number Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable14.4 Packing group Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards Not considered as marine pollutant based on available data.

14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk

according to IMO Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

instruments

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

14.1 UN number or ID number Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name Not regulated for transport

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable
 14.4 Packing group Not applicable
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACh Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., Polymers are exempted from registration under REACH. All relevant starting materials and additives have been either registered or are exempt from registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)., The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer sluser's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

Authorisation status under REACH:

The following substance/s contained in this product might be or is/are subject to authorization in accordance with REACH:

CAS-No.: 84852-15-3 Name: Nonylphenol

Authorisation status: listed in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation

Authorisation number: Not available

Sunset date: Not available

Exempted (Categories of) Uses: Not available

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: Not applicable

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
11711	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin Sens. - 1 - H317 - Calculation method Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411 - Calculation method

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Legend

Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
TWA	Time weighted average
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS -Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO -International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 -Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level: NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate: NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR -(Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS -Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and

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understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturerspecific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version. GB