

Safety Data Sheet

SDS no. H355

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : HiTEC® 355 Performance Additive

Product use : Petrochemical industry: Gear Additive Package

In case of emergency - Chemical

+1-703-527-3887 (International)

+1-703-741-5979 (Spanish language)

+1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada)

Manufacturer / Supplier

Afton Chemical Corporation 500 Spring St. Richmond, VA 23219 USA Tel: +1-804-788-5800

Afton Chemical Corporation 7201 W. 65th Street Bedford Park, IL 60638, USA Tel: (708) 458-8450 (Non-emergency) (800) 323-3231 (Customer Service)

Afton Chemical Canada P.O. Box 130 Coranna, Canada N0N1G0

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 6.8%

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms

Signal word Warning

Hazard statements Combustible liquid.

Causes serious eve irritation. Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from flames and hot

surfaces. - No smoking. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Response

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of

: Mixture

identification

: Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS number	Conc. (% w/w)	US GHS Classification
Mineral oil Long-chain alkyl amine	Mixture Proprietary	20 - 30 1 - 4.9	Not classified. ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category
			ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION -
			Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
Alkyl Phosphonate	Proprietary	1 - 4.9	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Alkyl dithio thiadiazole	Proprietary	1 - 4.9	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Alkyl phosphate	Proprietary	1 - 4.9	SKIN CÓRROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Alkoxylated long-chain alkanol borate	Proprietary	1 - 4.9	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

This product is not classified as a skin sensitizer based on test data of the skin sensitizing ingredient/s at similar or higher concentrations than are present in this product.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible. absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
	ACGIH (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m³ OSHA (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m³

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

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Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Clear Amber. [Dark]

Odor : Pungent.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: 85°C (185°F) [Pensky-Martens. Minimum]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.004

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : 300 cSt at 40°C

25 cSt at 100°C (typical).

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product / ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Mineral oil	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Long-chain alkyl amine	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	157 ppm	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	251 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	612 mg/kg	-
Alkyl Phosphonate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Alkyl dithio thiadiazole	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>2.75 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10000 mg/kg	-
Alkyl phosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 to 5000 mg/	-
			kg	
Alkyl phosphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2710 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Sensitization

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
Alkyl phosphate	Category 3	! !	Respiratory tract irritation

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Skin, Eyes, Ingestion, and Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

This product is not classified as a skin sensitizer based on test data of the skin sensitizing ingredient/s at similar or higher concentrations than are present in this

product

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

effects

: Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not determined.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Persistence and degradability

Product / ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Alkyl dithio thiadiazole	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	NA1993	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (sulfurized olefins)	Combustible liquid.	III		
TDG Classification	UN3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Alkyl phosphonate, Long- chain alkyl amine) . Marine pollutant	9	III		Marine pollutant

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Section 14. Transport information							
IMDG Class	UN3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Alkyl phosphonate, Long- chain alkyl amine) Marine pollutant	9	III			
IATA-DGR Class	UN3082	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Alkyl phosphonate, Long- chain alkyl amine)	9	III			

Notice to reader

The above transport information is provided to assist in the proper classification of this product and may not be suitable for all shipping conditions

Section 15. Regulatory information

US regulations

SARA 313 toxic chemical notification and release reporting (w/w%)

: No SARA 313 chemicals are present above the reporting threshold.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

RQ (Reportable quantity)

: CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 1-Butanol: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); PHOSPHORIC ACID: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); Phenol: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Ethyl acrylate: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Ethylene oxide: 10

lbs. (4.54 kg); Propylene oxide: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); Dioxane: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg);

State - California Prop. 65

This product contains the following ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the

statute:

2-Propenoic Acid, Ethyl Ester

Ethylene oxide Propylene oxide 1,4-Dioxane

Canadian regulations

HMIRA Registry Number: 9376

Claim granted. : Date filed: January 7, 2015

International Inventory Status

United States inventory (TSCA

8b)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory

All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS)

All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI)

At least one component is not listed.

China inventory (IECSC)

Philippines inventory (PICCS)

All components are listed or exempted.

At least one component is not listed.

New Zealand Inventory of

All components are listed or exempted.

Chemicals (NZIoC)
Taiwan inventory (CSNN)

: All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

History

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 4/16/2015.

Prepared by

: EHS Department (Tel: +1 804 788 5800)

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

This information and these recommendations are offered in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Information and recommendations are supplied upon the condition that the recipients will make their own decision as to safety and suitability for their purposes. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature, are made with respect to the product or the information and recommendations. Afton makes no representation as to completeness or accuracy. In no event will Afton be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.