

Safety Data Sheet

HiTEC® 350G Performance Additive

SDS no. H350G

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: HiTEC® 350G Performance Additive Product name

Product description : Petrochemical industry: Gear Additive Package

Product type : Liquid.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Formulation of additive packages, lubricants and greases - Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

See section 7.3 and where applicable the annex to this Safety Data Sheet for further information on the relevant uses.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Afton Chemical Limited Afton Chemical S.P.R.L. (Woluwe) Afton Chemical SPRL (Feluy Plant) Rue de Scoufflény, 50

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St-Stevens-Woluwe Belgium

Tel: +44 1344 304141 Tel: +32 67 286211 Belgium

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e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Lubricant and Fuel additives: msds@aftonchemical.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Hours of operation : 24 hours a day, 7 days a week

: +43-13649237 (Austria) +421-233057972 (Slovakia) Telephone number +32-28083237 (Belgium) +38-618888016 (Slovenia) +359-32570104 (Bulgaria) +46-852503403 (Swedish)

+385-17776920 (Croatia) +41-435082011 (Switzerland) +420-228880039 (Czech Republic) +380-947101374 (Ukraine)

+45-69918573 (Denmark) +44-8708200418 (UK) +1-703-527-3887 (International) +358-942419014 (Finland) +33-975181407 (France) +65-3158-1349 (Asia Pacific)

+36-18088425 (Hungary) +61-290372994 (Australia) +353-19014670 (Ireland) 4001-204937 (China) +39-0245557031 (Italy) +(91)-22-3354 3594 (India) +81-345209637 (Japan) +352-20202416 (Luxembourg) +31-858880596 (The Netherlands) 00-308-13-2549 (South Korea) +47-21930678 (Norway) +1-703-741-5979 (Spanish language)

+48-223988029 (Poland) 1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada) +351-308801773 (Portugal)

<u>Limited Availability - EU Poison Centre Contact Numbers:</u>

Pursuant to EU guidance and legislative text, Afton Chemical Ltd. are providing the appropriate EU In-Country Poison Centre numbers and the specified limitations on their hours of service. Afton Chemical Ltd. make no representations as to the accuracy of the availability, support, information and/or guidance provided by any the following state sponsored Centres.

> Belgium: +32 (0)70 245 245 Netherlands: +31 (0)30 2748888 Denmark: +45 8212 1212 Norway: +47 22 59 13 00 France: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59 Poland: Not available for SDS use

Germany: To be specified soon Portugal: +351 808 250 143 Greece: +30 210 779 3777 Romania: +40 (0)21 318 36 06 (8am – 3pm)

Italy: Not available for SDS use Spain: +34 91 562 04 20 Latvia: +371 67042473 (Fire & Rescue: UK: Not available for SDS use

112)

Austria: +43-13649237

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Skin Irrit. 2. H315 Eve Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1. H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : No signal word.

Hazard statements Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Avoid release to the environment.

: Collect spillage. Response

: Store in a well-ventilated place. **Storage**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal**

international regulations.

: Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl **Hazardous ingredients**

Supplemental label : Not applicable.

elements

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

articles

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Identifiers % Product/ingredient Regulation (EC) No. **Type** 1272/2008 [CLP] name

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients REACH #: [2] Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Not classified. ≥10 - ≤15 paraffinic 01-2119484627-25 EC: 265-157-1 CAS: 64742-54-7 Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl REACH #: ≥5 - ≤10 Acute Tox. 4, H302 [1] 01-2119456798-18 Acute Tox. 3, H311 EC: 701-175-2 Acute Tox. 2, H330 CAS: -Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 **STOT SE 3, H335** Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester REACH #: ≥5 - ≤10 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 [1] 01-2119896587-13 Eye Dam. 1, H318 EC: 235-741-0 CAS: -[1] Confidentiality: Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Alkyl phosphonate ≥3 - ≤5 Conf0590 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 1,3,4-Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction RFACH#: ≥1 - ≤3 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 [1] products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-01-2119976351-35 nonanethiol EC: 293-927-7 CAS: -[1] C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and REACH #: Acute Tox. 4, H302 ≥1 - ≤3 unsaturated)-alkylamines Skin Corr. 1B. H314 01-2119473797-19 EC: 627-034-4 Eve Dam. 1. H318 CAS: -STOT SE 3, H335 **STOT RE 2, H373** (gastrointestinal tract, immune system, liver) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10)Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10)octylamine REACH #: ≥0.5 - ≤1 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

01-2119474880-31

EC: 203-916-0

CAS: 111-86-4

The mineral oils in the product contain < 3% DMSO extract (IP 346).

If REACH registration numbers do not appear the substance is either exempt from registration, does not meet the minimum volume threshold for registration, the registration date has not yet come due or this information is proprietary.

If a dash (-) is shown in the CAS number field, please contact an Afton representative for information about the CAS and other chemical identity numbers used for global regulatory compliance.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Acute Tox. 3, H301

Acute Tox. 3, H311

Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 **STOT SE 3, H335** Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

(M=1)

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper

and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest

occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. If

not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion
 Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed

person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt

or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The

exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for firefighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if watersoluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. : Not available. **Industrial sector specific**

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name

Exposure limit values

Europe

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Austria

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Belaium

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Limit values (Belgium, 9/2017).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist STEL: 10 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: mist

Croatia

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Minister of Labour and Social Affairs and the Minister of Health (Bulgaria, 1/2012).

Limit value 8 hours: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Czech Republic

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Ministry of Health, PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 1/2016).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: aerosol STEL: 10 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: aerosol

Denmark

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 10/2012).

TWA: 1 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: mist and particles

Estonia

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 1/2017).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Mist

France

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Germany

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2017).

PEAK: 20 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs (Greece, 2/2012).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Hungary Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

25/2000. (IX.30) Ministry of Health and Ministry of Social and Family Affairs Joint Decree (Hungary, 12/2011).

CEIL: 5 mg/m3 Form: mist

Iceland

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Ireland

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Latvia

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

octylamine

Lithuania

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Netherlands

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Norway

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Poland

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Portugal

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Romania

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Slovakia

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Slovenia

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Spain

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Sweden

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Switzerland

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

United Kingdom (UK)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

Recommended monitoring procedures

Minsitry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 1/2013).

TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: particulates

NAOSH (Ireland, 3/2016).

OELV-8hr: 5 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 6/2015).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 6/2015).

TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 10/2007).

TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: mist STEL: 3 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: mist

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 2/2017).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: mist

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 7/2016).

TWA: 1 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: mist and particles

TWA: 50 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: vapor

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy (J of Laws 2017, item 1348)

(Poland, 11/2017).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: Only aerosol STEL: 10 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: Only aerosol

HG 1218/2006 with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 1/2012).

VLA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

Short term: 10 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 4/2015).

TWA: 1 mg/m³, (Mineral oils) 8 hours. Form: liquid aerosol, fumes TWA: 5 ppm, (Mineral oils) 8 hours. Form: liquid aerosol, fumes STEL: 3 mg/m³, (Mineral oils) 15 minutes. Form: liquid aerosol, fumes STEL: 15 ppm, (Mineral oils) 15 minutes. Form: liquid aerosol, fumes

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2017).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: mist STEL: 10 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: mist

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 12/2015).

TWA: 1 mg/m3 8 hours. Form: mist and fume STEL: 3 mg/m3 15 minutes. Form: mist and fume

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2017).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable dust (total dust)

EU OEL (Europe).

TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

EU OEL (Europe). TWA: 5 mg/m3 8 hours.

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived No Effect Level / Predicted No Effect Concentration

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

If DNEL's or PNEC's are shown, these are for the potential Risk Determining Substances for the product. The specific Risk Determining Substances for the product are listed in the exposure scenarios found in the annex to this Safety Data Sheet.

Derived No Effect Level

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	DNEL	Oral	0.35 mg/kg	Consumers	-
Alkyl phosphonate	DNEL	Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	-
	DNEL	Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	Consumers	-
	DNEL	Oral	0.5 mg/kg	Consumers	-
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	DNEL	Dermal	0.09 mg/kg	Workers	-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	DNEL	Oral	0.04 mg/kg	Consumers	-

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	Fresh water	0.001 mg/l	-
1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol	Fresh water	0.041 mg/l	-
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Fresh water	0.26 µg/l	-
octylamine	Fresh water	0.0002 mg/l	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Hand Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile gloves of minimum thickness 0.4 mm have an expected breakthrough time of 480 minutes or less when in frequent contact with the product. Due to variable exposure conditions the user must consider that the practical use of a chemical-protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time above. Manufacturer's directions for use, especially about the minimum thickness and the minimum breakthrough time, must be observed. This information does not replace suitability tests by the end user since glove protection varies depending on the conditions under which the product is used.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use appropriate respiratory protection if there is the potential to exceed the exposure limit(s). Seek professional advice prior to respirator selection and use. Select respirator based on suitability to provide adequate worker protection for given working conditions and level of airborne contaminant.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Clear.]

Color : Amber.

Odor Pungent. [Slight] Not available. **Odor threshold** pН : Not available.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point Not available. : Not available. Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: Closed cup: 83°C [Pensky-Martens. Minimum] Flash point

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable (liquid).

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available. : Not available. Vapor density

1.044 Relative density

1.042 g/cm3 [15.6°C] **Density**

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/:

water

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): 0.8 cm²/s

9 cSt at 100°C

: Not available. **Explosive properties Oxidizing properties** Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability Under recommended handling and storage conditions the product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : High temperatures, sparks and open flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing and reducing agents.

10.6 Hazardous Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced. decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	1.19 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat	251 mg/kg	-	-
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	612 mg/kg	-	-
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
Alkyl phosphonate	433 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>22 mg/l	1 hours	-
	-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5000 mg/kg	-	-

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sed on data a similar
bstance.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
, ,,	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant	Based on data for a similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	None available.	Rabbit	Skin - Visible necrosis	-
	None available.	Rabbit	Eyes - Visible necrosis	-
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rat	Skin - Visible necrosis	-
Alkyl phosphonate	None available.	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant	-
	None available.	Rabbit	Eyes - Irritant	-
1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert- nonanethiol	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant	-
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Visible necrosis	-
octylamine	404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Visible necrosis	-
	405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Visible necrosis	-

Skin : Non-irritating to the skin. Based on test data for this or similar products. **Eyes** : Non-irritating to the eyes. Based on test data for this or similar products.

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl 1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert- nonanethiol	406 Skin Sensitization 406 Skin Sensitization 406 Skin Sensitization	skin skin skin	Guinea pig Guinea pig Guinea pig	Not sensitizing Sensitizing Not sensitizing	Based on data for a similar substance.
octylamine	None available.	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing	-

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Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not classified as a skin sensitizer. Based on test data for this or similar products.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Distillates (petroleum),				Remarks
	471 Bacterial Reverse	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on data for a
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria		similar substance.
	473 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	Based on data for a
	Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	471 Bacterial Reverse	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	-
,	Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria		
	476 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	-
	Cell Gene Mutation Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl	471 Bacterial Reverse	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
ester	Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria		
	473 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
	Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Mammalian-Human		
	476 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vivo	Negative	_
	Cell Gene Mutation Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		
Alkyl phosphonate	471 Bacterial Reverse	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
, , ,	Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria		
	473 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
	Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		
1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert- nonanethiol	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	-
	473 In vitro Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	-
	Chromosomal Aberration Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal		
C16-18-(even numbered,	None available.	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	-
saturated and unsaturated)- alkylamines		Subject: Bacteria		
octylamine	471 Bacterial Reverse	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
201,1311110	Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria	lioganio	
	476 <i>In vitro</i> Mammalian	Experiment: In vitro	Negative	_
	Cell Gene Mutation Test	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	litogalive	

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse	2 years; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	Based on data for a similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	415 One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Oral	Rat	Positive	Negative	Negative	-
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	-
Alkyl phosphonate	416 Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Oral	Rat	Positive	Negative	Equivocal	Based on data for a similar

C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat - Male	Positive	Negative	Negative	substance. WOE does not support classification Based on data for a similar substance.
octylamine	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Oral	Rat	Negative	Negative	Negative	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Dermal	-
Alkyl phosphonate	None available.	Rat	Negative - Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	None available.	Rat	Negative - Oral	-

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
ethylhexyl dihydrogen phosphate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
octylamine	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Category 2	Not determined	gastrointestinal tract, immune system and liver

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.

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Skin contact : No specific data. : No specific data. Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

effects

: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. **Potential immediate**

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects

: Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin,

resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

: Not available. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	125 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
	411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Rat - Female	30 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	4 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rat	20 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	-
	412 Repeated Dose Inhalation Toxicity: 28-day or 14-day Study	Rat	19 mg/m³	4 weeks	Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapor	-
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat	250 mg/kg	-	Chronic NOAEL Oral	-
Alkyl phosphonate	None available.	Rat	360 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
1,3,4–Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol	407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	50 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOEL Oral	-
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)- alkylamines	407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	3.25 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	-
octylamine	422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat	100 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity

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Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	substance. Based on data for a similar
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	substance. Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	Acute EL50 0.44 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
	Acute EL50 2.5 mg/l Acute EL50 63.5 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Micro-organism	48 hours 30 minutes	-
	Acute LL50 1.3 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours	_
	Chronic NOEC 0.078 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 days	-
	Chronic NOEL 0.05	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	Acute EL50 49 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	-
	Acute EL50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	-
	Acute EL50 420 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	-
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEL 25 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	-
Alkyl phosphonate	Acute EC50 14.4 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	Based on data for a similar
	l lilg/i			substance.
	Acute IC50 20.8 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 63.4 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours	-
	Chronic EC10 5.1 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	-
	Chronic NOEL 4.1 mg/	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar
				substance.
1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert-nonanethiol	Acute EC50 41 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	-
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Acute EL50 0.04 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	96 hours	-
	Acute EL50 0.011 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	_
	Acute EL50 222.5 mg/l	Micro-organism	3 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 0.06 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEL 0.01	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEL 0.013	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	-

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octylamine	Acute EL50 0.23 mg/l Acute LC50 5.19 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	48 hours 72 hours 96 hours 72 hours	- - -

Conclusion/Summary : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum),	OECD 301F	31 % - Not readily - 28 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Ready		
	Biodegradability -		
	Manometric		
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	Respirometry Test OECD 301D	21.8 % - Not readily - 28 days	_
Allilles, C10-14-tert-alkyl	Ready	21.0 % - Not readily - 20 days	_
	Biodegradability -		
	Closed Bottle Test		
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl	301B Ready	98 % - Readily - 28 days	-
ester	Biodegradability -		
	CO ₂ Evolution Test		
Alkyl phosphonate	OECD 301F	89.8 % - Readily - 28 days	Readily biodegradable but failing the
	Ready		10-day window
	Biodegradability -		
	Manometric		
040.40 (Respirometry Test	00 0/ D = dile	
C16-18-(even numbered,	OECD 301B	66 % - Readily - 28 days	-
saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	Ready Biodegradability -		
alkylarillies	CO ₂ Evolution Test		
octylamine	OECD 301A	99 % - Readily - 11 days	_
	Ready	1 days	
	Biodegradability -		
	DOC Die-Away		
	Test		

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-	-	Not readily
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl	-	-	Not readily
Phosphoric acid, 2-ethylhexyl ester	-	-	Readily
Alkyl phosphonate	-	-	Readily
1,3,4—Thiadiazolidine-2, 5-dithione, reaction products with hydrogen peroxide and tert- nonanethiol	-	-	Not readily
C16-18-(even numbered, saturated and unsaturated)-alkylamines	-	-	Readily
octylamine	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Amines, C10-14-tert-alkyl octylamine	2.9 2.9	-	low low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility : Not available. 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment **PBT** : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

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12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Long-chain alkyl amine)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Long- chain alkyl amine) Marine pollutant	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Long- chain alkyl amine)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Hazard identification number 90	Remarks Marine pollutant	-

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage

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14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code : Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

International Inventory Status

Australia : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. Canada All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted. **Japan** Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. **New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted. All components are listed or exempted. **United States**

This product contains only components that have been either registered, are exempt from registration, are **Europe**

regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006 (REACH) and amendments. A declaration of REACH compliance is available on request. If this product is imported to the EEA as an additive package or component within a finished fluid or fuel, contact Afton to discuss the possibility of setting up an Only Representative agreement (REACH@aftonreach.com).

Other EU regulations

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10 Hazard class for water

WGK Notes:

Mass fraction of WGK 3 carcinogenic substances (≥0.1%): 0% Mass fraction of WGK 2 carcinogenic substances (≥0.1%): 0% Acute toxicity evaluation points based on substance data: Points = 0

Aquatic toxicity evaluation points based on test data for this or similar products: Points = 8

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

Complete.

When included, the exposure scenarios were determined based on a review of the risk determining substances and the intended product application. Safe use is demonstrated through using the ATC, ATIEL and Afton systems for Generic Exposure Scenarios for mixtures. Further information on these systems is available by contacting Afton at the email address in section 1.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WOE = Weight of Evidence

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Expert judgment

Europe

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Acute Tox. 2, H330	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3, H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1A, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A, H317	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE)
	- Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

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Notice to reader

This information and these recommendations are offered in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Information and recommendations are supplied upon the condition that the recipients will make their own decision as to safety and suitability for their purposes. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature, are made with respect to the product or the information and recommendations. Afton makes no representation as to completeness or accuracy. In no event will Afton be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product name : HiTEC® 350G Performance Additive

Product definition : Mixture

Section 1 Title

Short title of the exposure scenario

: Formulation of additive packages, lubricants and greases - Industrial

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: Formulation of additive packages, lubricants and greases -

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09,

PROC15

Substance supplied to that use in form of: In a mixture

Sector of end use: SU03, SU10

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC02

Market sector by type of chemical product: PC24

Article category related to subsequent service life: AC01

Environmental contributing scenarios

: Formulation into mixture - ERC02

Health Contributing

scenarios

: General measures applicable to all activities

General exposures. Use in contained systems. Elevated temperatures. - PROC02 Mixing operations (closed systems). Batch processes at elevated temperatures. -

PROC03

Process sampling - PROC08b

Bulk transfers. Dedicated facility. - PROC08b Drum/batch transfers. Dedicated facility. - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance. - PROC08a, PROC08b

Drum and small package filling - PROC09

Laboratory activities - PROC15 Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

: Industrial formulation of lubricant additives, lubricants and greases. Includes material

transfers, mixing, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance

Section 2.1 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Workers - Health)

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 0: General measures applicable to all activities Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases.

Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: restrict access to authorised persons; provide specific activity training to operators to minimise exposures; wear suitable gloves and coveralls to prevent skin contamination; wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios; clear up spills immediately and dispose of wastes safely.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks.

Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures. Consider the need for risk-based health surveillance.

Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 1: General exposures. Use in contained systems. Elevated temperatures.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Section 2.1 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Workers - Health)

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: Mixing operations (closed systems). Batch processes at elevated temperatures.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: Handle substance within a predominantly closed system provided with extract ventilation.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Process sampling

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: Use a sampling system designed to control exposure.

measures

measures

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Bulk transfers. Dedicated facility.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Drum/batch transfers, Dedicated facility,

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

measures

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Equipment cleaning and maintenance.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

measures

: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain draindowns in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle. Clear spills

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Drum and small package filling

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

measures

: Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 8: Laboratory activities

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: Handle in a fume cupboard or under extract ventilation.

measures

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 9: Storage

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

measures

: Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Industrial - Environment)

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 10: Formulation into mixture

Annual amount used in the EU: 1.00 E+04 Tonnes/year **Amounts used**

> Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 1

Frequency and duration of : Emission days: 300 days per year

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Soil)

Emission factor (Air, Water, : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU

Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00 E-07

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before

(municipal) sewage treatment plant): 2.00 E-10

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 0

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management measures.

Other Factors Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Risk management measures

Technical measures Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of 70%

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and for waste water to

be discharged via public sewer system.

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Industrial - Environment)

Waste treatment methods

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges to air, water and soil.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.
 Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment: 0.1% Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow: 2.00 E+03 m³/d Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal: 5.22 E+06 kg/day

Disposal Methods

 External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - All Contributing Scenarios

Assessment method

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

: easyTRA or ECOTOC

The risk management measures/operation conditions that are identified in the exposure scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that cover the product.

Environmental hazards are possible in cases of inappropriate handling or disposal. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted. Where other risk management measures/ operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4 Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment:

Guidance

: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Health:

Guidance

: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product name : HiTEC® 350G Performance Additive

Product definition : Mixture

Section 1 Title

Short title of the exposure scenario

: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery -

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC09 Substance supplied to that use in form of: In a mixture

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07 Market sector by type of chemical product: PC24

Article category related to subsequent service life: AC01, AC02

Environmental contributing scenarios

Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto

article) - ERC04

Use of functional fluid industrial site - ERC07

Health Contributing scenarios

General measures applicable to all activities General exposures (closed systems) - PROC01

Initial factory fill of equipment. Use in contained systems. - PROC02, PROC09

Initial factory fill of equipment (open system) - PROC08b

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar. Use in contained

systems. - PROC01

Equipment cleaning and maintenance. - PROC08b

Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Operation is carried out at elevated

temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature) - PROC08b

Storage - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

: Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2.1 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Workers - Health)

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 0: General measures applicable to all activities Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands. Use suitable eye protection.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 1: General exposures (closed systems)

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: No other specific measures identified.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: Initial factory fill of equipment. Use in contained systems. Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: No other specific measures identified.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Initial factory fill of equipment (open system) Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours.

Section 2.1 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Workers - Health)

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar. Use in contained systems.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: No other specific measures identified.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Equipment cleaning and maintenance.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 6: Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature)

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to emission points when contact with warm (>50°C) lubricant is likely.

Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with intensive

management supervision controls.

Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 7: Storage

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Industrial - Environment)

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 8: Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)

Amounts used

: Annual amount used in the EU: 2.63 E+03 Tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

use

Frequency and duration of : Emission days: 300 days per year

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Soil)

Emission factor (Air, Water, : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU

Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00 E-05

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before

(municipal) sewage treatment plant): 2.00 E-11

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 0

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management measures.

Other Factors : Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Risk management measures

Technical measures

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and for waste water to be discharged via public sewer system.

Waste treatment methods

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges to air, water and soil.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

from site

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment: 0.1% Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow: 2.00 E+03 m³/d

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal: 1.39 E+05 kg/day

Disposal Methods External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Industrial - Environment)

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 9: Use of functional fluid industrial site

Amounts used

: Annual amount used in the EU: 2.63 E+03 Tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Frequency and duration of : Emission days: 300 days per year

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Soil)

use

Emission factor (Air, Water, : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU

Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00 E-05

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before

(municipal) sewage treatment plant): 2.00 E-11

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 0

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management measures.

Other Factors

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Risk management measures

Technical measures

: Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and for waste water to be discharged via public sewer system.

Waste treatment methods

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges to air, water and soil.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment: 0.1% Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow: 2.00 E+03 m³/d

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal: 1.39 E+05 kg/day

Disposal Methods

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - All Contributing Scenarios

Assessment method

: easyTRA or ECOTOC

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

The risk management measures/operation conditions that are identified in the exposure scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that cover the product.

Environmental hazards are possible in cases of inappropriate handling or disposal. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted. Where other risk management measures/ operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4 Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment:

Guidance

: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Health:

Section 4 Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Guidance

: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product name : HiTEC® 350G Performance Additive

Product definition : Mixture

Section 1 Title

Short title of the exposure scenario

: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional

List of use descriptors

: Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery -

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20

Substance supplied to that use in form of: In a mixture

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b Market sector by type of chemical product: PC24 Article category related to subsequent service life: AC01

Environmental contributing

scenarios

Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor) - ERC09a Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor) - ERC09b

Health Contributing

scenarios

General measures applicable to all activities

Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar. Use in contained

systems. - PROC01

Material transfers. Non-dedicated facility. - PROC08a

Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Dedicated facility. - PROC08b, PROC20

Storage. - PROC01, PROC02

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2.1 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Workers - Health)

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 1: General measures applicable to all activities Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar. Use in contained systems.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: No other specific measures identified.

measures

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 3: Material transfers. Non-dedicated facility.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Avoid carrying out operation for more than 4 hours. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 4: Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Dedicated facility. Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management measures

: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Retain draindowns in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 5: Storage.

Operational conditions affecting workers exposure.

Risk management

: Store substance within a closed system.

measures

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Professional - Environment)

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 0: Widespread use of functional fluid (indoor)

Section 2.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure. (Professional - Environment)

Annual amount used in the EU: 5.39 E+03 Tonnes/year **Amounts used**

> Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Frequency and duration of : Emission days: 365 days per year

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Soil)

Emission factor (Air, Water, : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent

Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00 E-04

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before

(municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00 E-04

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00 E-03

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management measures.

Other Factors : Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Risk management measures

Technical measures

: Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Waste treatment methods

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges to air, water and soil.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release

from site

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 0.1%

Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow: 2.00 E+03 m³/d

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal: 1.40 E+03 kg/day

Disposal Methods External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or

national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 6: Widespread use of functional fluid (outdoor)

Amounts used

Annual amount used in the EU: 5.39 E+03 Tonnes/year

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 0.1

Frequency and duration of : Emission days: 365 days per year

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Soil)

Emission factor (Air, Water, : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.

Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent

Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00 E-04

Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before

(municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00 E-04

Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00 E-03

Environmental factors not influenced by risk management measures.

Other Factors : Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Risk management measures

Technical measures Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Waste treatment methods

Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges to air, water and soil.

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release

from site

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

Conditions and measures

related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment: 0.1% Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow: 2.00 E+03 m³/d

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal: 1.40 E+03 kg/day

Disposal Methods External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - All Contributing Scenarios

Assessment method

EXPOSURE ESTIMATION AND REFERENCE TO ITS SOURCE

: easyTRA or ECOTOC

The risk management measures/operation conditions that are identified in the exposure scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that cover the product.

Environmental hazards are possible in cases of inappropriate handling or disposal. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Estimated workplace exposures are not expected to exceed DNELs when the identified risk management measures are adopted. Where other risk management measures/ operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Section 4 Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Environment:

Guidance

: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

Health:

Guidance

: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.