pmc 6 biogenix

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Complies with 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.122)

Date of issue : 7 June 2020

Date of revision : 6 July 2022

Version: 0.05

Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking	
Product name	: KEMAMIDE® VO; KEMAMIDE® VO-60
SDS #	: BKEMVO
Product code	: 25156; 27660; 25138; 28592; 26022; 28110; 40022; 40037; 40061; 40129; 40409; 40447; 40572; 40620; 4052988
Chemical name	: oleamide
Other means of identification	: 9-Octadecenamide, (9Z)-; 9-Octadecenamide, (Z)-; octadec-9-enoic acid amide; 9-Octadecenamide; Aliphatic monocarboxamide (C6-24); (Z)-9-Octadecenamide; Oleyl amide; OLEIC ACID AMIDE; cis-9-Octadecenoamide; 9-cis-Oleamide; (Z)-Octadec- 9-enamide
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Plastics additives - Lubricants
Uses advised against	: Consumer applications
Supplier's details	: PMC Biogenix, Inc. 1231 Pope Street Memphis, TN 38108 USA +1-800-641-2152
Company telephone number	: 800-641-2152
Emergency telephone number	: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300; Chemtrec [INT]: +1-703-527-3887
	Section 2. Hazards identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
oleamide	100	301-02-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Contact with hot material causes thermal skin burns. In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin with cold water and continue for as long as possible or apply wet cloths to the area until medical attention can be obtained.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.
Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. Vapor may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
Contact with hot material causes thermal skin burns.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>15</u>
Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

....

_ __

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

. . . .

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.
6	Contian 6 Applicantal release measures

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Matheda and materials for as	ntelement and elements	

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
	Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container.
	Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Hazard of slipping on spilled
	product. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally

Se	ection 6. Accidental release measures
Large spill	: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Hazard of slipping on spilled product. Where possible allow molten material to solidify naturally
	Section 7. Handling and storage
Precautions for safe handling	1
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
oleamide	ACGIH TLV (United States). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ , (Dust) Form: Inhalable Dust TWA: 3 mg/m ³ , (Dust) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL (United States). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (Dust) Form: Respirable dust
oleamide	TWA: 10 mg/m³, (Dust) Form: Total dust None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before Hygiene measures eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that evewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Eye/face protection : Safety evewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Skin protection Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When handling hot material, wear heat-resistant protective gloves that are able to withstand the temperature of molten product. **Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. **Respiratory protection** Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

: Solid. [Powder or flakes. Pellets.]
: Beige. White.
: Characteristic. [Slight]
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: 68 to 78°C (154.4 to 172.4°F)
: Not applicable.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: Not applicable.
: Not available.
: Not applicable.
: 0 kPa (0 mm Hg)
: Not applicable.

360	tion 9. Physical and chemical properties
Relative density	: <1
Density	: <1 g/cm³ [25°C (77°F)]
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water (g/L)	: 0 g/l
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: 5.8
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic: Not applicable.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not available.
Kst	: 76 bar.m/s
	Section 10. Stability and reactivity
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials Strong oxidizer
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
oleamide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg RA- S CAS 124-26-5	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg RA- S CAS 112-84-5	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	e classification crite	eria are not met.	•
Irritation/Corrosion				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Non-irritating to the skin.			

Eyes

: No significant irritation expected other than possible mechanical irritation.

Sensitization

BKEMVO

Section 11. Toxicological information

		oxicological inform		
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
oleamide	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Mutagenicity Not available.	: Based on availal	ble data, the classification criteria	are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> Not available.	: Based on availal	ble data, the classification criteria	are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Not available.	: Based on availal	ble data, the classification criteria	are not met.	
Conclusion/Summary <u>Teratogenicity</u> Not available.	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.			
Conclusion/Summary Specific target organ toxicity Not available.		ble data, the classification criteria	are not met.	
	· · / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Specific target organ toxici Not available.	ty (repeated exposi	<u>ire)</u>		
Aspiration hazard Not available.				
nformation on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health effects	<u>S</u>			
Eye contact	: Exposure to airb may cause irritat		ory or recommended exposure limits	
Inhalation		ion of the nose, throat and lungs.	ory or recommended exposure limits Vapor may be irritating to eyes and	
Skin contact	: Contact with hot	material causes thermal skin bur	ms.	
Ingestion	: No known signifi	cant effects or critical hazards.		
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and	toxicological characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse sympton irritation redness	ms may include the following:		
Inhalation	: Adverse sympton respiratory tract coughing	ms may include the following: rritation		
Skin contact	: No specific data.			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
-	cts and also chronic	effects from short and long te	erm exposure	
Short term exposure				

Section 11. Toxicological information

	5
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
oleamide	LC50 1000 mg/l	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Ozone depleting substances - Not applicable.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: Readily biodegradable
---------------------------	-------------------------

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
oleamide	-	-	Readily
oleamide	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
oleamide	5.8	-	high
oleamide	5.18		high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Other adverse offects	• No known significant effects

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information					
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

	Section 15. Regulatory information
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

State regulations

Massachusetts	:	None of the components are listed.
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	:	None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

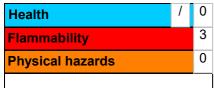
Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	All components are listed or exempted.	
China	All components are listed or exempted.	
Europe	All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Philippines	All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Thailand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.	
United States	: All components are active or exempted.	
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.	

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification	
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS		On basis of test data	
History			
Date of printing	: 7/6/2022		
Date of issue	: 7 June 2020		
Date of revision	: 6 July 2022		
Version	: 0.05		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coeff MARPOL = International Convention for the Preventior	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group 	
References	: Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.