

SDS no. H60637 Date of issue/Date of 2/25/2019 revision

# Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** 

: HiTEC® 60637 Performance Additive

#### In case of emergency - Chemical

+1-703-527-3887 (International) +1-703-741-5979 (Spanish language) +1-800-424-9300 (US & Canada)

### **Manufacturer / Supplier**

Afton Chemical Corporation 500 Spring St. Richmond, VA 23219 USA

Non-Emergency Telephone: +1-804-788-5800

Afton Chemical Canada Corporation 5045 South Service Road Suite 101 Burlington, ON L7L 5Y7 905-631-5470

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the	: Not classified.
substance or mixture	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Store in well-ventilated place.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Additional hazards	: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	Conc. (% w/w)	US GHS Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	≥35 - ≤45	Not classified.

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. If specific chemical identify is withheld, it is to protect confidentiality.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

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first aid measures
: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
<ul> <li>If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> </ul>
: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>		
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: No specific data.		
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Skin contact	: No specific data.		
Ingestion	: No specific data.		

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Indication of immediate med	<u>dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary</u>
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible material (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kep upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measur		
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	y
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should b worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this necessary.	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task beir performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	ıg
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	

# **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous]
Color	: Brown. [Dark]
Odor	: Hydrocarbon. [Slight]
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point	<ul> <li>Closed cup: 160°C (320°F) [Pensky-Martens. Minimum]</li> <li>Open cup: &gt;150°C (&gt;302°F) [Cleveland.]</li> </ul>
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.1 g/cm³ [60.1°F (15.6°C)]
Relative density	: 1.1
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): 3.55 cm <sup>2</sup> /s
Viscosity	: 60 cSt @ 100°C

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: High temperatures, sparks and open flames.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing and reducing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5.53 mg/l	4 hours	-
	402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.
	401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	Based on data for a similar substance.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available. Irritation/Corrosion

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test		Spe	cies	Res	ult				Remarks		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	404 Acute Derror Irritation/Corror 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corror	sion	Rabb Rabb		Eyes - Mild irritant		si Bi	Based on data for a similar substance. Based on data for a similar substance.		ance. a for a		
<u>Conclusion/Summary</u> Skin Eyes	: Not available. : Not available.				1							
Respiratory	: Not available											
<u>Sensitization</u>	I											
Product/ingredient name	Test		Rout expo			Spec	ies	Res	sult	Re	mark	(S
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	406 Skin Sensitization		skin			Guine	ea pig	Not sen:	sitizing			n data for a ubstance.
Conclusion/Summary												
Skin	: Not available											
Respiratory	: Not available											
<u>Mutagenicity</u>												
Product/ingredient name	Test			Experi	ment				Result	t Re	emar	ks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Mutation Test Subject: Bacteria similar sub					on data for a						
Conclusion/Summary <u>Classification</u> <u>Reproductive toxicity</u> Product/ingredient Test	: Not available	Route	of	Specie	•	terna	I Fer	tility	Dev	elopm	ent	Remarks
name		exposi	ure		tox	icity			toxi	n		
hydrotreated heavy Deve	Reproduction/ lopmental city Screening	Oral		Rat	Ne	gative	Neg	ative	e Neg	ative		Based on data for a similar substance.
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available											
<b>Teratogenicity</b>												
Product/ingredient name	Test			S	pecie	S	Result	t			Rem	arks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study         Rat         Negative - Dermal similar substance.         Based on data for a similar substance.											
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available			ł								•
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Skin, Eyes, Ir	gestion	, and	Inhalati	on							
Potential acute health effects												
Eye contact	: No known sig											
Inhalation	: No known sig											
	Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.											
Ingestion	: No known sig	nificant	effec	ts or cri	tical h	nazaro	IS.					

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the	physic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Rat	125 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Based on data for a similar substance.
	411 Šubchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Rat - Female	30 mg/kg	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg	-	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.22 mg/l	4 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
	None available.	Rat	0.15 mg/l	13 weeks	Sub-chronic NOAEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Based on data for a similar substance.
Conclusion/Summary	Not available.					

Conclusion/Summary	· Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Toxicity

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### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	Remarks
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	Acute EL50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Acute LL50 >100 mg/ I	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL ≥100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	Based on data for a similar substance.
	Chronic NOEL 1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	14 days	QSAR result.

onclusion/Summary

Not available.

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Remarks		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Based on substance	data for a similar e.	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegradability	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	-		-		Not readily	

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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# Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-		-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-		-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-		-		-

#### Notice to reader

The above transport information is provided to assist in the proper classification of this product and may not be suitable for all shipping conditions.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

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### U.S. Federal regulations

### SARA 302/304

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

#### SARA 311/312

#### **Classification** : Not applicable.

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥35 - ≤45	HNOC - Static-accumulating flammable liquid

#### **SARA 313**

No SARA 313 chemicals are present above the reporting threshold.

RQ (Reportable quantity) : CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: No products were found.

### United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification

<u>List name</u>		<u>Status</u>	Name on list	<u>Ref. number</u>
None of the components	are listed.			
State - California Prop	. 65			
Not listed.				
Canadian regulations	%			
International Invento	ory Status			
Australia	: All components	are listed or exempted	ed.	
Canada	: All components	are listed or exempted	ed.	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.			
Japan	: All components	are listed or exempted	ed.	
Republic of Korea	: All components	are listed or exempted	ed.	

### Section 15. Regulatory information

New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: For information on compliance with regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and amendments please contact your Afton representative.

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2/25/2019
Prepared by	: EHS Department (Tel: +1 804 788 5800)
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations WOE = Weight of Evidence

#### **V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

This information and these recommendations are offered in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Information and recommendations are supplied upon the condition that the recipients will make their own decision as to safety and suitability for their purposes. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or of any other nature, are made with respect to the product or the information and recommendations. Afton makes no representation as to completeness or accuracy. In no event will Afton be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon the information and recommendations.